The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 10. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1898. NO. 26

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27, 1898.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8.30	12.25	4.35
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.40	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly PM.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.50	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.15	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.35	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.07	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.27	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1,49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.08	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.27	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h		8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	7.04	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.23	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.40	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58. p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32. Altoona 2 00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	Dly PM.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly. P. M.
Pittsburg		2.50	8.00		1.00	4.30
Altoona.....	4.40	7.15	11.40	2.05	6.10	9.05
Bellwood.....	4.52	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.25	9.19
Tyrone	5.04	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.42	9.33
Birmingham .	5.08	7.53	g	2.40	6.46	
Petersburg ...	5 25	8.17		3.03	7.10	
Huntingdon....	5.37	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.23	10.12
Mapleton.	5.51	8.47		3.35	7.38	
Mt. Union.....	5.56	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.44	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6 01	8.58		3.47	7.48	
McVeytown....	6.17	9.15		4.08	8.06	
Lewiston Jc....	6.38	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.26	11.16
Mifflin.....	6.58	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.47	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.02	9.59		5.00	8.52	
Thompsontown	7.17	10.14		5.18	9.07	
Millerstown. ...	7.26	10.22		5.28	9. 6	
Newport	7.35	10.32	2 24	5.39	9.26	
Duncannon. ...	8.00	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.50	
Marysville	8.13	11.07	2.56	6.26	10.04	
Rockville.	8.18	11.12		6.32	10.08	
Harrisburg.....	8.30	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.20	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6.57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3.11	6.00	9.45		
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15	10.55		
Phila.....	11.52	*3.00	6.23	10.20		4.30
New York	2.13	*5.53	9.30	3.53		7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.10 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.01 A. M., Huntingdon 12.58 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.30 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.23; W. Twenty third St. Station 8.45 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.15, 10.20 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.35 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg., No.5.	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail. No. 4	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M.	p. m.	a. m.
7 22	1 07	6 90	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
7 34	1 19	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
7 46	1 31	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 14	1 59	7 10	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 22	2 07	7 17	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
8 34	2 19	7 29	*Beersville	10 15	5 07	5 42
8 49	2 34	7 43	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 50	8 00	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	3 00	8 08	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 21	8 28	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5 53, Beersville 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 3.10 p. m., Beersville 3.22. Three Springs 3.34, Saltillo 3.41, Cole's 4.06, Cook's 4.18, arrive at Robertsdale 4.30 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 20
		Stair		
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3. 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

A SINGLE-BARREL REPEATER.

Began Banging in a Fishing Camp and Kept It Up Until It Was Put Into a Bog.

From the Portland Oregonian.

One of a party of four men who started something over a week ago on a fishing excursion to the raging, roaring Santiam, insisted on taking along a gun, an old single-barrel breechloader. The other members of the party objected to the gun being taken, as it is not the season for shooting, and as there are early broods of grouse and pheasants which are now big enough to shoot they were afraid their friend could not resist temptation, and might get them all into trouble. The owner of the gun, however insisted on taking it along, saying they might need it to protect themselves from a bear or panther or some other "varmint."

After they had been in camp a few days the other boys decided to play a joke on the gun and its owner, and so one day when they were out fishing one of them slipped away and went back to camp and proceeded to load the old gun to the muzzle. He first put in a good charge of powder and then a wad of "punk" or "touchwood" from an old dry stump. On this he put another charge of powder and then another wad of "punk," and so on till the gun was almost full. He then placed the weapon in its usual place against a tree.

That evening just before going to bed, he dropped a piece of lighted punk into the muzzle of the gun. The fire, of course, communicated to the last wad put in and in a short time burned down to the powder, and the gun "went off." The burning powder set fire to the wad below it, and in a little while there was another discharge.

The owner of the gun was much astonished when the first report startled the camp, but thought something had run against the gun and discharged it, and as that was the end of the matter he did not turn out. When the second report came he sat up and listened to see if any one was prowling around the camp, but heard nothing till the gun went off again.

Then all hands were alarmed, and the fire was rekindled just in time to see the old gun leaning peaceably against the tree and to hear another stunning report from it.

To say that the owner of the gun was astonished fails to express his feelings. All the others pretended to be alarmed. One suggested that the gun was bewitched, but the owner insisted that the devil himself was in it, and as they stood and stared the gun kept going off every few minutes, each report being louder than the previous one.

Finally the owner, seeing that no harm was done by the shooting, said he would put a stop to it, and seized the firearm and ran and threw it into a bog near the spring from which the camp secured its water supply. "There," said he, "the dashed, enchanted thing is fixed now, I guess," and just then there was a smothered explosion and he was covered with mud from head to foot. The gun continued to discharge itself at intervals till midnight, and buried itself so deep in the mud that in the morning it could not be found by the owner, who was anxious to examine it to find out what sort of a repeater it had become. His companions never let on they knew anything about the mystery.

You invite disappointment when you experiment. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache just as sure as you take them. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

EDITING ON PIKE'S PEAK.

The Paper Gets Out All Right When Tourists Do Not Steal the Type for Souvenirs.

From the Boston Transcript.

Unique among the newspaper offices of the United States, and probably the highest in the world, is that on Pike's Peak. The paper was an experiment last season, but this year it is a full-fledged success and is being published twice a day out among the trees that are very scanty up at timber line. The publisher is T. B. Wilson.

For several years Wilson has been publishing newspapers in the mountains. When he started the Pike's Peak *News* it was with some misgivings. He located his office on the very peak, but the storms are so frequent that he found it better to move down a little. However, he is yet 12,000 feet above sea level and, with his wife and daughter, spends a very pleasant summer. They all work at the paper. When the train on the cog road comes puffing its way up from Manitou the passengers are induced to give their names. Then, while they go to the top, the paper is printed and in it are the names of all who have been on the peak that day. Of course there is a large sale among them, as they desire the papers for souvenirs of the visit.

The editor's wife is able to set type and print the paper as well as her husband. One day when he was away she got out the paper, and, not having had time to sell the edition before the train started for the foot of the mountain, she paid her way to the bottom and sold papers on the train. Arrived there, she did not have money enough to pay her way back, and started for the top on foot—a walk of ten miles uphill by the road.

The manager of the road saw her. "Where are you going?" he asked.

"I am going to walk home."

"Why don't you ride?"

"The papers did not sell very well to-day and I have not money enough. I had to get out the paper alone or I would not have had to come down."

"Come in here," and he led the way to the superintendent's office.

When she came out it was with a pass good for the season on any train and thereafter she was able to increase her sales by riding longer trips on the road with the passengers.

Not much news is in this mountain-top paper, for there is little happening on Pike's Peak. With the coming of the early storms of winter the paper is suspended, for the visitors are not there to buy the copies. The press and type are moved to the warm valleys of the town below and there continue in service as an aid to a local paper until there is a resumption of the summer sightseeing and travel up the peak. The one annoyance of the printer is the relic hunter. When the newspaper man's back is turned there is a rush of laughing girls for the type cases to gather type for souvenirs of the trip. He has several times been compelled to buy new type to replace that taken in this way. Standing out in the open air, the temptation to take a bit of the metal is very strong. One day he published a notice saying:

"Iph there are seen a phew mistakes in this paper and we phail to spell all names right, do not blame us, phor it is the best we can do. Some phlighty girls phrom Boston philched all our ephs."

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any Salve in the world. This fact and its merit has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Look out for the man who attempts to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

TANGLED IN AN ENDLESS CHAIN.

A Business Man Learns How a General Utility Citizen Waxed Prosperous.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"I suppose we all get caught at times," remarked a well-known business man yesterday, "but I have had an experience that was particularly mortifying to one who has been in business for forty years.

"I received some time ago a letter from a party living in a little town in the West who wanted a small bill of goods.

"Not finding his name in either *Dun's* or *Bradstreet's*, I wrote the postmaster for the man's standing. I received a very flattering letter in return, saying that the party I inquired about was one of the town's solid citizens and good for any amount.

"This allayed any suspicion that I had and I forwarded the goods ordered.

"I sent three bills before I received an answer, and then it was not satisfactory. I allowed the matter to run for some time, and, at last, getting a saucy answer in reply to a letter of mine asking for a settlement, I lost my temper and wrote the postmaster a letter, telling him to hand the matter over to the leading attorney in town for collection, no matter what the cost would be.

"It wasn't long before I received an answer from the postmaster saying he had followed my instructions and handed the matter to an attorney who had succeeded in collecting the amount, but at considerable expense. In fact, the attorney had a bill against me for $25 more than he collected, and that he (the postmaster) had paid it and would look to me for the amount.

"Here was a situation. I hadn't instructed the postmaster to act as my cashier, but, thinking that that was the Western way of it, and not caring to have the fool postmaster lose the amount, I sent him a check, and considered the matter closed.

"But the other day I chanced to meet a party who formerly lived in the town, and I asked him if he knew the party who had beaten me out of a bill of goods. He said he did. He was a general utility man for the whole neighborhood. Ran a general store, kept the postoffice and when he could get nothing else to do, took what business he could get as a lawyer. He added that he appeared to be making money, but it was a mystery to everyone how he managed it.

"But it was no mystery to me. I had seen a great light. He has an endless chain arrangement that will make him a fortune if some one doesn't get mad and go out there and kill him."

Yankees Cooked the Supper for Mosby's Men.

From the Baltimore Sun.

One of Mosby's men recently drove a coach load from Camp Alger to the Blue Ridge. In the party was an officer of volunteers—an ex-Union soldier who had campaigned in that part of Virginia during the civil war. It was a charming ride. Finally the party reached a point in the road where the ascent of the mountains begins. The officer's face brightened up as he viewed the scenes spread out before them.

"Do you see that hill right over there, dear?" he said to his wife, pointing to the place. She nodded.

"Well, my dear, right at the foot of that hill is the very place where we cooked our supper that night I have been telling you about."

"Yes, my darling," said the old Mosby graybeard, turning around, "and that is the very place where we'uns eat your supper."

"What?" said the Union officer, "were you one of that party of 'rebs' that came down on us?"

"Yes, sir, I was one of them. We sat up there on the top of the hill and watched you cooking that supper, and when we thought you had it done about to our taste we came down to join you."

"Well, tell me, my friend," said the Union officer, "where on earth did you fellows come from. You must have come up mighty sudden."

"Well, I'll answer your question stranger," said the old graybeard, "if you'll clear up a mystery for me."

"Certainly; what is it?"

"Whar in thunder did you fellows go to? My idea at the time was that you climbed up the inside of some tree."

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1.00 per bottle at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

Mrs. L. H. Seelye, who died at Lapont, Tex., a few days ago, was a soldier in the civil war and was known as Frank Thompson of Company F, Second Michigan Volunteers. One of her sons is in the regular army.

A Bar Harbor well digger declares that he was shocked by electricity while digging. To test thoroughly the matter he lowered a dog into the well, and when the dog was taken out it was dead.

In the island of Minora, one of the Philippines, the humming birds are pugnacious little creatures. Thousands of them frequently attack huntsmen without the slightest provocation, inflicting sometimes serious wounds on the face and neck.

The constitution of South Carolina provides that jurors must be between the ages of 21 and 65, and a new trial was recently granted in a criminal case because one of the jurors was 66 years old.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used to-day for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Dr. Martin Van Buren Stevens, 71 years old, is a law student at the State University of Kansas. He expects to graduate next spring. He has already received degrees from other colleges.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and sick headache. They don't gripe. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

A quilt was recently exhibited at a fair in Delaware which came over in the Mayflower. The figures on it were colored in indigo blue with a dyepot, in vogue at that time.

When you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure, don't accept anything else. Don't be talked into accepting a substitute, for piles, for sores, for burns. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 25.

Review of Lessons For the Third Quarter—Golden Text: "No Good Thing Will He Withhold From Them That Walk Uprightly," Ps. lxxxiv.,11—Comments.

Lesson I.—The Kingdom Divided (I Kings xii., 16-25). Golden Text, Prov. xv., 1, "A soft answer turneth away wrath, but grievous words stir up anger." Because Solomon turned away his heart from the Lord and worshiped the gods which his wives worshiped, allowing his wives to come between him and his God (chapter xi., 4, 9), therefore the Lord divided the kingdom, rending away ten tribes and leaving to his son only the tribe of Judah (chapter xi., 36), with which seems to have been identified the tribe of Benjamin. The divided kingdom was the outward of the divided heart.

Lesson II.—Elijah the Prophet (I Kings xvii., 1-16). Golden Text, I Kings xvii., 16, "And the barrel of meal wasted not, neither did the cruse of oil fail, according to the word of the Lord." In contrast to Solomon and his divided heart here is a man with a whole heart for God, ready to stand before kings or to hide himself by Cherith, or in the widow's house at Zarephath, a living witness to the living and true God, obedient to Him and depending wholly upon Him.

Lesson III.—Elijah on Carmel (I Kings xviii., 30-39). Golden Text, I Kings xviii., 39, "And when all the people saw it, they fell on their faces, and they said, The Lord, He is the God; the Lord, He is the God." The desire of Elijah was that all might know that the Lord God of Abraham was the God of Israel and that he was His servant (verse 36). So the desire of David was that the Lord of hosts might be magnified (I Sam. xvii., 45).

Lesson IV.—Elijah's Flight and Encouragement (I Kings xix., 1-16). Golden Text, Ps. xxxvi., 7, "Rest in the Lord and wait patiently for Him." Seeing only the Lord, Elijah was strong and fearless, but when he saw Jezebel and her anger he was weak indeed and fled for his life. Truly the fear of man or woman bringeth a snare, but looking up steadfastly into heaven (Acts vii., 55) takes away all fear. We must not think that we are essential to God, lest He appoint our successor (chapter xix., 16).

Lesson V.—Naboth's Vineyard (I Kings xxi., 4-16). Golden Text, Ex. xx., 17, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's house." Here is a man the very opposite of Elijah and the God of Elijah—a man who lived only for himself and to obtain what he desired no matter who suffered. He is in the line of Cain and related to antichrist, of whom we read that he shall do according to his will and exalt and magnify himself above every god, and sitting in the temple of God will show himself that he is God (Dan. xi., 36: II Thess. ii., 4). The Christian magnifies Christ.

Lesson VI.—Elijah's Spirit on Elisha (II Kings ii., 6-15). Golden Text, Luke xi., 13, "How much more shall your Heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask Him." For salvation we do not need to cling to Christ. When once we have received Him, He clings to us and will never let us go. But for power and service and for intimate fellowship with Him we must cleave to Him as Elisha did to Elijah, never taking our eyes off Him, seeing no man save Jesus only.

Lesson VII.—The Shunamite's Son (II Kings iv., 25-37). Golden Text, Ps. lv., 22, "Cast thy burden upon the Lord, and He shall sustain thee." The boy restored to his mother from the dead would be much more to her than if she had never lost him. God, who gave her this son, would be more to her also. She now knew the joy not only of the gift of a son, but of the restoration of a son from the dead. Oh, that we may know the Son, God's Son, and the power of His resurrection! (Phil. iii., 10.)

Lesson VIII.—Naaman Healed (II Kings v., 1-14). Golden Text, Jer., xvii., 14, "Heal me, O Lord, and I shall be healed; save me and I shall be saved." All the greatness and honor and might of Naaman was marred by the fact that he was a leper. All the greatness of earth is marred sin, and there is only one who can deliver, the God of Israel, Israel's Messiah, the Son of God, our Lord Jesus Christ. As a little child was the means of directing Naaman to the healer, so may every boy and girl who knows Christ direct others to Him.

Lesson IX.—Elisha at Dothan (II Kings vi., 8-18). Golden Text, Ps. xxxiv., 7, "The angel of the Lord encampeth round about them that fear Him and delivereth them." When people take counsel with each other against God or against His servants, they are sorely blinded and deluded by the devil. Our God sees and knows everything and has all power and can do everything (Ps. cxxxix.; Job xlii., 2; Math. xxviii., 20). Let us ever rejoice in His presence and power and in the ministry of angels and gladly serve Him without care or fear.

Lesson X.—The Death of Elisha (II Kings xiii., 14-25). Golden Text, Ps. cxvi., 15, "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His saints." Though Elisha had a double portion of the Spirit, yet he was permitted to die, while Elijah was taken without dying. Either way it is a gain. They do rest from their labors, and their works do follow them. The bow and arrow incident suggests that limitations in the service of God come from us rather than from God. The coming to life of the dead man makes us think of the power of His resurrection who died for us.

Lesson XI.—Sinful Indulgence (Amos vi., 1-8). Golden Text, Isa. xxviii., 7, "They also have erred through wine and through strong drink are out of the way." Ease and self indulgence are not becoming in a child of God, for "even Christ pleased not Himself." It is our privilege to have quietness and peace and rest, but these only in order to serve Him who said, "My Father worketh hitherto, and I work," and "I must be about My Father's business." We are soldiers and chosen to please Him who hath called us to be His soldiers (II Tim. ii., 3, 4).

Lesson XII.—Captivity of the Ten Tribes (II Kings xvii., 9-18). Golden Text, I Chron. xxviii., 9, "If thou seek Him He will be found of thee, but if thou forsake Him He will cast thee off forever." Every word of God is true and shall be literally fulfilled. The Lord testified against Israel and their sins, warned them of the results, earnestly and lovingly entreated them to return to Him that He might forgive and heal and bless them; but they would not hear. Therefore He did unto them as He had said (II Kings xvii., 23). "Everyone of us must give account of himself to God" (Rom. xiv., 12). Our works will be approved and rewarded or rejected, and we suffer loss (I Cor. iii., 14, 15). Are we living as if we believed it? He will have to say to some, "Depart from Me ye cursed." Do we believe and teach this also?—Lesson Helper.

Crowded Out of School.

Thirty thousand children in Greater New York will be crowded out of school on account of the crowded condition of the buildings.

PASSING OF THE ROUGH RIDERS.

Roosevelt's Unique Troopers Celebrate Their End by a Night's Frolic.

CAMP WIKOFF, Montauk Point, L. I. (Special).—The rough riders are no more. They have been mustered out of the army, for which they have made a glorious record. This picturesque and historic body of soldiers, cavalrymen who had the unique experience of going through a military campaign without their horses, are now scattering to their homes, or wherever they intend to take up again the dull life of the civilian. The men keep their arms as souvenirs of the war.

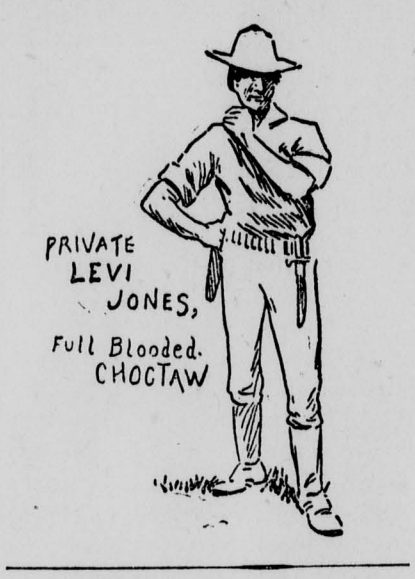
COLONEL THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
On horseback while in camp at Tampa, Fla., before the start was made for Santiago.)

Colonel Roosevelt has been mustered out also, and leaves the military service of the country to engage in the more peaceful occupations of life. As Colonel Roosevelt received his discharge papers he remarked: "This ends it, eh?"

His manner and tone betrayed considerable emotion, and he left the tent alone, without waiting to see the members of his staff who were waiting to speak to him.

The last few hours of the last night the rough riders spent in camp were not dull. There were great bonfires in the camp, and a series of Indian dances was held.

Levi Jones, the Choctaw; Rattlesnake Pete, the Sioux; Pollock, the Pawnee, and McMichael, the Apache, all took part. There was the Sioux stamp dance, significant of the hardening of the ground when the rains let up in spring; the snake dance



of the Apaches, in which rattlesnakes are usually carried in the hands of the dancers, who imitate the motions of that reptile in their steps and body contortions (the rough riders did it without the snakes), and the Moqui smoke dance, the dance of peace and the harvest, in which the dancers smoke red clay pipes and leave long trails of smoke behind them as they circle about. Indian cries and warwhoops were kept up all night. There was not a man in the whole regiment who slept, the officers also enjoyed the fun.

An important event was the disposition of the mascots. Troop I finally decided to present their Colonel with Teddy the eagle. Accordingly the whole body marched to where Colonel Roosevelt was seated signing muster out papers and Trooper Coe made the presentation speech it was:

"Colonel, we men present that eagle to you and we want you to have it, and if anyone knocks you, send him to us and we'll fix him."

Josephine, the mountain lion, belonging to A Troop, is to be given to the Central Park Zoo. The regiment's dog Cuba has so many owners that it has not

THE STATUETTE WHICH THE ROUGH RIDERS PRESENTED TO COLONEL ROOSEVELT.

been arranged for, and unless it stows away on some train it will be left to the life-saving station here. Secretary Alger has intrusted to the care of Colonel Roosevelt the flags which his command carried through the campaign. A few days before the men also presented their colonel with a statuette, "Busting a Bronco."

Many of the rough riders are enjoying themselves by seeing the sights of New York City. In fact, the town is in the care of the soldiers who have been mustered out or are on furlough. The rough riders are objects of interest to the people, who never fail to give them the attention which is now a part of the life of the veteran of the Spanish-American war.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

General Otis cabled from Manila that no more American troops were needed. He said the insurgents were desirous of remaining on friendly terms with our forces.

The internal revenue collections for July amounted to $27,804,573.

Secretary Long issued an order reorganizing the North Atlantic fleet, which has been reduced to thirty-one vessels. The militiamen on the Dixie and Badger are to be mustered out.

Mr. Day tendered to the President on Friday his resignation as Secretary of State.

Judge A. C. Thompson, member of Congress from Ohio in the Forty-ninth, Fiftieth and Fifty-first Congress, has been appointed United States District Judge for the Southern district of Ohio, to succeed Judge Sage, retired.

The President on Friday received and accepted the resignation of John Bassett Moore as Assistant Secretary of State. Mr. Moore will be the Secretary of the Peace Commission.

General Otis, the acting Military Governor at Manila, cabled that his collections for the United States Treasury account since August 14, the beginning of the new regime. This is in the current Mexican money.

An investigation of the conduct of the War Department is assured.

Secretary Long has given orders for the retirement from active service of the ram Katahdin and the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius.

Domestic.

The transport Concho arrived at Moutauk Point, L. I., from Ponce, Porto Rico, bringing Major-General James H. Wilson and his staff, of the Sixth Army Corps, and volunteers of Indiana, Missouri and Pennsylvania.

Ivory Boothby, a farm laborer, employed by Mrs. Abbie Parcher, of North Saco, Me., was found dead with a bullet hole in his body. Boothby was about forty-five years old. It is supposed he was killed by a stranger, who asked him if he would aid him to fix a broken-down carriage. Boothby went with the man, and the next morning he was found dead near the roadside.

Conductor G. M. Riley and Engineer John Pettinger were killed and Brakeman Tressler badly injured in a railway track on the Denver and Rio Grande in the Black Canyon, a few miles west of Sapinero, Col. From some unknown cause, while running at full speed, the engine and one car left the track and went into the Gunnison River.

One man was instantly killed and three were injured by the falling of a scaffold in Brooklyn, N. Y. The dead man is John Kearns, forty-seven years old.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, is opposed to a costly banquet at the coming peace jubilee in that city. He says it would be a waste of money that could be given to needy soldiers.

William Kane was shot, and Edward G. Jackson, his companion, was beaten into unconsciousness in St. Louis, Mo., a few days ago by striking plasterers on their way to work. Kane died and Jackson will recover.

Professor William R. Daly, one of the most noted life savers of the United States, for many years champion swimmer and champion oarsman of the Pacific Slope, died in South Boston, Mass. Death was caused by pneumonia.

Warren R. Stickney shot himself dead at Ann Arbor, Mich. The cause of suicide is believed to be loss of his home through financial difficulties. Mr. Stickney was a cultivated and intellectual man, and was once Superintendent of Schools at Chicopee, Mass.

An earthquake aroused the people at Husley, South Dakota, at 4 o'clock Friday morning. Houses trembled and dishes rattled on the shelves for about thirty seconds. The shocks seemed to travel eastward.

An order has been received by a St. Louis street car company for 250 street cars for the Japanese Government. The order, which will be filled, calls for the completion and shipment of the cars within ninety days. The amount to be paid for the cars is $300,000.

The Bergen County (N. J.) Grand Jury indicted Nicholas Jackson for murder. He is accused of having bound his six-year-old boy Lewis to the West Shore tracks near Teaneck several months ago. The body of the lad was found cut to pieces.

Troops are being moved South, where they will be established in winter camp, preparatory to the occupation of Cuba and Porto Rico.

Every coal merchant in Frankfort, Ky., has been indicted by the county Grand Jury on a charge of conspiracy. The coal men combined to fix prices.

Nine hundred and fifty officers and men of the Ninth Regiment arrived in New York City Friday from Chickamauga. With few exceptions the men looked hale and hearty. Twenty-six men were sick.

W. D. Bynum resigned the Chairmanship of the National Committee of the Gold Democrats, with headquarters in Chicago, and George Foster Peabody was elected in his place. A resolution commending Mr. Bynum's work was adopted.

Companies B, D and F, a battalion of the Thirteenth United States Infantry, returned from Montauk to Governor's Island, New York Harbor. The battalion left for the war with 226 officers and men on April 16. It came back with only 113.

At Virginia Beach, Va., Henry Listern, a cottager, and his guests, T. S. E. Dixon, of Chicago, and Arthur McLaughlin, of Newark, N. J., went bathing in the surf. One of the men got beyond his depth and the others went to his rescue, but all were drowned.

The body of Charles Spinks, a wealthy resident of Newport, Ky., who was drowned, was found at the west end of his coal fleet in the Ohio River. One insurance policy for $10,000 had been renewed only the day before, perhaps not two hours before Spinks met his death. The finding of the body gill compel the payment of $125,000 insurance which Spinks carried upon his life.

Captain Ichabod Willey, of the wrecked schooner Bartlett, of Thomaston, Me., Captain Henry Vonharten, and a colored man of Beaufort, were drowned by the capsizing of a small sailboat off Hilton Head, S. C.

The soldiers' monument, put up on the common by the citizens of Uxbridge, Mass., was dedicated, Wednesday, by H. H. Legg Post, G. A. R., and presented to the town. Veterans and Sons of Veterans from Uxbridge, Northbridge, Milford, Douglas, Grafton and Upton took part.

The Obdam sailed from New York for Ponce, Porto Rico, carrying a battalion of Pennsylvania troops, sixteen postal clerks and army stores.

The last of the rough riders were mustered out at Camp Wikoff, Montauk, L. I., and Colonel Roosevelt is now without a command.

Boston is to have free ice-water fountains in all parts of the city next summer.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Kentucky has no laws regulating the employment of child labor.

In Japan blacksmiths employed by the Government enjoy the ten-hour day.

The Government has ordered a cessation of overtime work at the Boston Navy Yard.

Ottawa (Canada) street railway employes won a strike for 14 2-7 cents per hour.

Cleveland, Ohio, uses 400,000 of the Bakers' Union labels weekly. No other city uses so many.

In building a waterworks plant and a power house Cincinnati, Ohio, will employ only union labor.

The first charter from the Western Labor Union to be seen in Denver, Col., was secured by the Waiters' Union.

The National Union of United Brewery Workmen recently celebrated its thirteenth anniversary in St. Louis, Mo.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, has ordered that none but union men be employed on the tunnel which is being built for water mains in that city.

The American Federation of Labor in August issued sixteen charters. The receipts in July amounted to over $1189 and the disbursements to over $1405.

The Union Laundry, of Cincinnati, Ohio, started by members of the Laundry Workers' Union, started with one wagon. Now it has four and will soon add two more.

The public employment bureaus of the German Government find situations for the unemployed at the rate of about 13,000 a month. The number found in January was 12,648.

The Court of Cassation at Rome, Italy, has rejected all the appeals of the rioters sentenced by military tribunals to various terms of imprisonment for connection with the labor troubles in Milan last May.

As a result of the weavers' strike at the Border City Cotton Mills, Fall River, Mass., the management has closed the entire plant. The weavers in the three mills number five hundred, and the other help as many more.

At Scranton, Penn., ninety-two per cent. of the men in the building trades of the city are organized. The Common Council has passed an eight hour ordinance. The contractors were defeated in their efforts to have school houses built by contract. Movement is on foot to abolish contract labor entirely in all municipal work.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

The Chicagos have made over 100 double plays.

Since July 20 the Louisville have played really great ball.

Collins, of Boston, leads the League in total bases, having made 200.

Pitcher Klobedanz, of Boston, has performed very well this season.

Steinfeldt has been a valuable utility man for Cincinnati this season.

The Clevelands are playing their usual strong game against the best teams.

There are but thirty-one players in the National League batting .300 or better.

The Washington Club has secured for trial shortstop Glenn, late of New Bedford.

The Boston Club has signed Smith, the much-touted shortstop of the Hartford Club.

Davenport, the famous cartoonist of the New York Journal, was once a baseball umpire.

The Baltimores have lost five of the seven games played in Louisville this season.

Chicago has won the season's series from New York, having walked off with nine of the fourteen games.

The smallest average of runs per game this season has been made off Maul, of Baltimore, and Griffin, of Chicago.

Chiles, the Lancaster first baseman, one of the Atlantic League's heaviest hitters, has been secured for the Philadelphia Club.

The players of the National League are nearly unanimous in the opinion that Chicago's left field is the worst "sun garden" in the whole League.

Tiernan, of New York, who has been ill for the past six weeks, will be unable to play any more this year, it is said. The hot weather completely knocked him out.

Hamilton and Keeler are running a close race for the batting honors of the League. Both are first-class all round masters of the art from bunting to hitting out, and are left-handed.

Van Haltren's athletic prowess has netted him $43,800, or thereabouts. He has worn the livery of Chicago, Brooklyn, Baltimore, Pittsburg and New York, and from these five towns came $31,850 of his earnings. The biggest salary the veteran ever drew was $3600 from Baltimore.

CYCLING NOTES.

Belgium, it is said, has more cycle paths than any other country in the world.

Bicycles are taxed in Shoreham, Mass., the average assessment this year being $50.

Madrid, Spain, possesses a bicycle club, the members of which are all under eight years of age.

Insurance companies claim that cycling is more dangerous than traveling either by railway or ship.

A wheelman who takes fairly good care of his tires is said to suffer a puncture about once in 1500 miles of riding.

It is likely that the wheel of '99 will have a few change, such as larger tubing. A new hub has made its appearance, and many wheels will be fitted with it.

Many cyclists neglect to oil their pedal bearings, thinking it unnecessary. These bearings should have the same attention that is given other running parts. Hard-running pedals contribute toward making the whole thing run hard.

An "elastic chain" which is claimed to give "a more equal application of power over rough surfaces," is to be made in England. The result is to be obtained by curving each link "so that it lengthens under the strain of the sprockets."

Tools for cyclers' use are placed in a handy position for use by a new holder, which is formed of a box divided into two sections and hinged to a central frame attached to the wheel, the opposite sides of the box dropping into a horizontal position to form a tray to hold the tools.

Riders of both sexes are doing much better in uniformity of motion and in obtaining better control of their bicycles than was the case two years ago. This may be due partly to improved mounts, but it certainly is also true that riders themselves are greatly responsible for the fact mentioned.

To assist cyclers in climbing hills a brace and back support has been designed, which is formed of straps extending around the waist and over the shoulders, a clamp being placed on the head of the wheel, which holds the end of the strap loosely and releases itself as soon as the tension is removed.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

38 MILK AND CREAM.			
The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2½c ₱ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:			
Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans			25,065
Condensed milk, cans			255
Cream, cans			737
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras	—	@	$ 20
Firsts	18½	@	19
Thirds to seconds	15	@	18
State—Thirds to firsts	15	@	18½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	18
Imitation Creamery	13	@	16
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	13½
Low grades	11½	@	12
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	7¼	@	7½
Small	7½	@	7¾
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5
Full skims	—	@	2
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	17
Jersey—Fancy	17	@	18
Western—Choice	—	@	16½
Southern—Choice	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1897	—	@	1 65
Medium, choice, 1897	1 22½	@	1 25
Pea, choice, 1897	1 15	@	1 20
Red kidney, choice, 1897	—	@	1 85
White kidney, choice, 1897	1 40	@	1 45
Yellow eye	1 40	@	1 45
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	—	@	2 30
Green peas, bags	—	@	80
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, prime, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Common sorts, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Pears, Seckel, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	3 50
Bartlett, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	4 50
Huckleberries, ₱ qt	5	@	8
Watermelons, ₱ 100	7 00	@	20 00
Muskmelons, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Peaches, Jersey, ₱ basket	50	@	1 25
Plums, ₱ 8-lb basket	25	@	50
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket	10	@	12
Niagara, ₱ basket	—	@	8
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	6 00
HOPS.			
State—1897, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	16
Good to prime	10	@	12
Pacific Coast, 1897, choice	—	@	16
Good to prime	10	@	11
Old odds	1	@	3½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	9½	@	10
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	10½	@	11
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	40	@	50
Geese, ₱ pair	75	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	15	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	11
Chickens, Phila	11	@	16
Western, dry picked	10	@	12½
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	—	@	11
Ducks, Western	5	@	8
L. I., spring, ₱ lb	11½	@	12
Geese, Eastern, spring, ₱ lb	13	@	14
Squabs, ₱ doz	—	@	1 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	60	@	62½
Clover mixed	30	@	35
Straw—Long rye	25	@	35
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 00
Jersey, ₱ bbl	1 25	@	1 62
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Cabbages, ₱ 100	2 00	@	3 00
Onions, Conn. white, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Red and yellow, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Peas, L. I., ₱ bag	1 50	@	2 00
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 00
Tomatoes, Jersey, ₱ box	40	@	65
Beans, L. I., ₱ bag	50	@	1 00
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	50	@	90
Green corn, Jersey, ₱ 100	50	@	75
Carrots, ₱ 100	—	@	1 00
Beets, ₱ 100	—	@	1 00
Lettuce, ₱ doz	30	@	40
Cucumbers, ₱ bbl	25	@	75
Celery, ₱ doz	5	@	35
String beans, ₱ bag	40	@	60
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	—	@	—
No. 2 Red	—	@	—
Corn—No. 2	—	@	38
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	28
Track mixed	24	@	26
Rye—Western	—	@	51½
Barley—Feeding	—	@	—
Lard—City steam	4.85c	@	4.90c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	8½
Calves, city dressed	10	@	12½
Country dressed	6	@	10½
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	3 50	@	4 75
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	5 75	@	6 75
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	4 20	@	4 50
Country dressed	5	@	6½

TURKEY DEFIES THE POWERS.

Declines to Withdraw Turkish Troops From the Island of Crete.

CANDIA, Island of Crete (By Cable).—Rear-Admiral Gerard Noel, commander of the British naval forces in Cretan waters on Tuesday issued an ultimatum to Edhem Pacha, the Turkish Military Governor of Crete, demanding that within forty-eight hours he should deliver up the ringleaders of the recent outbreak and massacre, surrender the fort and ramparts commanding the town and disarm the Mussulman troops.

The Turkish authorities demanded time in which to consider the ultimatum, but the Admirals of the international fleet rejected the request of the Turkish authorities. The Mussulman authorities, in view of the Admirals' ultimatum, have already arrested twenty ringleaders of the recent massacres here.

Turkey Accuses England.

CONSTANTINOPLE (By Cable).—The Turkish Government has sent a circular to the powers alleging that the British provoked the disorders at Candia, claiming that the present situation is due to the measures adopted by the powers in Crete, and protesting against the bombardment of Candia. Finally, the Porte announces its refusal to withdraw the Turkish troops from Crete as demanded by the Admirals.

$1100 Taken From a Bourgogne Victim

The men of the schooner William H. Corse, which arrived at Gloucester, Mass., had about $1100 in cash secured from a body supposed to be a victim of the Bourgogne disaster. It was found in a rubber bag in the trousers pocket of the body of the man on August 17 near Sable Island. The body was in such a condition that identification was impossible. The money will probably be divided between the vessel's owners and her crew, one-fifth going to the owners and the balance to the fourteen members of the crew.

SPANISH PRISONERS SAIL.

Admiral Cervera and His Men Start For Home on the City of Rome.

GRATEFUL FOR KIND TREATMENT

The Captured Sailors Leave Seavey's Island For Spain—Seventeen Hundred Spaniards Clad in American Clothes—Sailor Boy Dies as His Comrades Sail Away—Crowd Cheers Departing Dons.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. (Special).—The Anchor Line steamship City of Rome, with Admiral Cervera and staff and over seventeen hundred Spanish prisoners, sailed from this port at 12.15 o'clock Monday afternoon for Santander, a port in northern Spain.

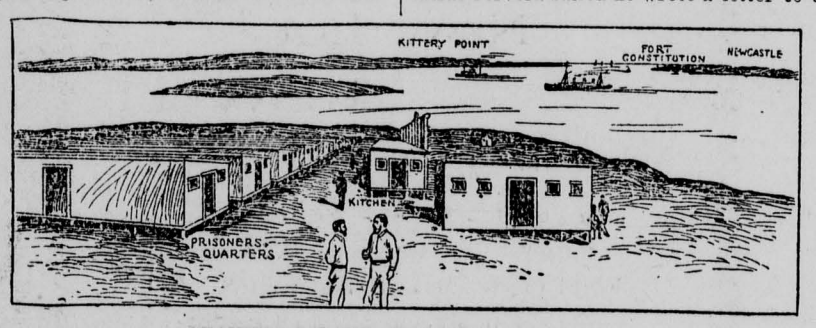
Most of the sailors and marines who survived the disaster which befell the warships of Admiral Pascual Cervera at Santi-

ADMIRAL PASCUAL CERVERA.

ago in July were taken from Seavey's Island in the morning to the steamship, which had been chartered to take the Admiral, his officers and men to their native country.

The work of transporting the prisoners was begun at 5.45 o'clock, and at 9 o'clock all were on board. The arrangements necessary for the comfort of the men during the voyage were hurried as much as possible, as the sailing time had been fixed for noon or soon after.

Admiral Cervera, with his son, Angel, made farewell visits to the officers of the navy yard at 9 o'clock and afterward boarded the City of Rome. On his way to the boat the Admiral spoke enthusiastically to those who accompanied him of the treatment the Americans had accorded to the Spanish prisoners, to his staff and to himself. He detailed the many courtesies he had received at Portsmouth, Annapolis, Norfolk, New York and Washington. He said he was most favorably impressed with the American people and would carry home with him many happy recollections of the kindness and generosity of those high in official circles, as well as of citizens in every walk of life.



SEAVEY'S ISLAND, PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
(The place where the captured Spanish sailors of Admiral Cervera's ill-fated fleet were confined.)

These sentiments were heartily indorsed by his son, Lieutenant Angel Cervera, and the other officers of his staff.

As soon as the prisoners were safely on board the steamer the 104 sick men in the hospital were carefully moved, and the last man was carried on board shortly after noon. All the Spanish prisoners were warmly clothed in American uniforms, and as soon as they were sent below every porthole was filled with Spanish faces, looking, probably for the last time, on America. Thousands of spectators, who were viewing the scene from all kinds of river craft and from the shore, cheered the Spaniards, who waved adieus in response.

At the request of Admiral Cervera each man received a package containing sandwiches of roast beef and salt bread, as the Admiral was doubtful whether the men would receive anything further to eat on board during the day.

When the prisoners awoke they destroyed the mattresses they had been using, under the impression that they would receive new ones when they went on board. There were many rueful faces in the crowd of 1668 men when they were informed that no mattresses would be given

A GROUP OF THE SPANISH SAILORS.

out, and that they would be obliged to sleep on the boards throughout the journey to Santander.

The Spanish prisoners have been on New Hampshire soil for two months. The first batch of prisoners consisted of 692 men, who arrived here on the St. Louis July 9, and the second consisted of 1008 men, who were brought here on the Harvard July 16. During the sojourn here thirty have died in the hospital.

The big Anchor liner got away at 12.15 o'clock. As she passed down the harbor on her way to the sea the spectators on small craft and on shore renewed their cheering and the steam vessels blew their whistles for several minutes. Admiral Cervera stood on deck looking toward the city until the vessel had reached the open sea.

One Spanish sailor lad was left behind; he did not long remain a captive. He was Jose Rodriguez, a mere boy, whose home was in Barcelona. When he was brought here with the other prisoners two months ago fever had attacked him so malignantly that he was carried to the hospital a living skeleton. The medical attention that brought hundreds of other sailors back to health failed in his case. As his countrymen were on their way to the ship which will carry them to their native land, his life passed away, and at night, when the big ship was far at sea, he was buried on the hill where thirty of his shipmates have found a resting place for all time.

MAINE'S STATE ELECTION.

Republicans Carry the State by About 26,000 Plurality.

PORTLAND, Me. (Special).—The biennial State election for the choice of Governor, Congressmen, State Legislature and county officers, resulted as was anticipated, in a Republican victory, but when compared with 1894, the usual majority polled by the candidates of that party was reduced. The Republican plurality in 1894 was 38,978.

Returns at midnight on Election Day from 191 towns out of 430 indicate Governor Powers's plurality at about 26,000, a Republican loss of twenty-one per cent. and a Democratic loss of six per cent.

The lower branch of the Legislature will probably stand 133 Republicans to eighteen Democrats, a gain of twelve for the Democrats. The Senate, however, will remain unchanged, being, as in former years, solidly Republican.

All four Republican Congressmen were elected, but Speaker Reed's majority was reduced by about 4000.

The full Republican ticket elected is as follows:

Governor—Llewellyn Powers, of Houlton.

Congressmen—First District, Thomas B. Reed, of Portland; Second District, Nelson Dingley, of Lewiston; Third District, Edwin C. Burleigh, of Augusta; Fourth District, Charles A. Boutelle, of Bangor.

The election throughout the State was marked by comparative apathy on the part of the Republicans. The Democrats, with an apparent desire to make a better showing than in 1894 and 1896, put some vim into the campaign, the result of which was seen in nearly every town.

The constitutional amendment providing for a popular vote for United States Senator in case of a vacancy by death or otherwise was carried, the vote being very light.

All the cities of the State were carried by the Republicans except Biddeford, Saco and Lewiston.

The campaign, for the first time for forty years, was conducted without a speech being made or the distribution of any political literature. Neither party opened headquarters or made any special effort in campaign work.

ADMIRAL CERVERA'S FAREWELL.

Filled With Gratitude at the Sympathy of the American People.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. (Special).—Before Admiral Cervera sailed he wrote a letter to a well-known news agency, in which he expressed gratitude for the way the American people have treated him and his men during their captivity. Admiral Cervera chose this method to speak to the people of this country, for whom the letter was intended.

The letter is as follows:

"My Dear Sir—To-morrow I sail for Spain and I wish to say that I sail with my heart full of gratitude for the sympathy that has been shown me by the people of this country.

"My farewell, then, takes with it every assurance that the memory of this sympathy I shall warmly and actively conserve during the rest of my life.

"I take advantage of this occasion to subscribe myself as your faithful and obedient servant, who kisses your hand,

"PASCUAL CERVERA."

MURDER MYSTERY AT BRIDGEPORT.

Head and Legs of a Woman Found Wrapped in Paper.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn. (Special).—The head and lower extremities of the body of an attractive young woman were found wrapped in paper Monday in Yellow Mill River, a tributary of Long Island Sound, by three young boys who were amusing themselves by casting stones from the Sea View avenue bridge into the shallow water.

The ghastly find revealed a crime which in all its details rivals the murder of Guldensuppe, the victim of Martin Thorn and Mrs. Nack. The chief difference is that, instead of a powerful man, the victim is a delicate young woman, whose tender physique made her easy prey for the person responsible for her butchery.

The police are at work on the case.

Dewey Considers Situation Grave.

Rear Admiral Dewey says he considers the situation in the Philippines critical. It is understood he has asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship. Spaniards assert that Germany will take a coaling station and that Spain will retain the remainder of the islands. Spanish garrisons at Ilocos and Laguna have surrendered, and the whole of the island of Luzon is in the hands of the insurgents, except Manila and Cavite.

Weyler, Blanco and Cervera Scored.

Count d'Almenas in the Spanish Senate declared that Blanco, Weyler and Primo de Rivera should be disgraced for their acts in the period of the rebellion in Cuba and the Spanish-American war. He added that he included Admiral Cervera in the same category.

AN AWFUL HURRICANE.

Homes of Twenty Thousand Persons in British West Indies Swept Away.

CYCLONE THAT KILLS HUNDREDS

St. Vincent and Barbadoes Devastated—Extensive Property Damages—Area Swept by the Disastrous Gale South of the American Possessions in the Caribbean Sea—Three Ships Wrecked.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies (By Cable).—A terrible hurricane has swept over Barbadoes, in the Windward group of the Lesser Antilles.

A boat from the island of St. Vincent, a hundred miles west of Barbadoes, arrived Wednesday at the island of Grenada, and reports that St. Vincent has experienced the most violent and destructive cyclone ever known there Sunday.

Kingstown, the capital of St. Vincent, is totally destroyed.

It is estimated that 300 lives have been lost in that island and that 20,000 people are homeless. The bodies of the dead are being buried in trenches.

Thousands are starving or being fed at the public expense.

The amount of property destroyed in St. Vincent cannot yet be estimated. Every small house is down and many large ones have been destroyed. The demolished buildings include churches, stores and almost all the estate buildings.

Three large ships are ashore on the Windward coast, and many smaller vessels are stranded.

According to the latest reports from St. Lucia, the storm which broke upon the island Sunday night developed almost unprecedented violence, and was accompanied by a tidal wave and tremendous rains.

Numerous landslides were caused, and many houses, bridges and cocoa estates have been destroyed. At least twelve lives have been lost.

Guadaloupe, the French island in the Leeward group, has experienced severe weather. Nineteen deaths are reported, and there have been destructive landslides.

NEW COMMANDER OF THE G. A. R.

Sketch of Colonel Sexton Who Will Serve on War Investigating Commission.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special).—Colonel James A. Sexton, the Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., has accepted President McKinley's invitation to serve on the commission which will investigate the War Department's management of the war.

COLONEL JAMES A. SEXTON.
(The Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.)

Colonel Sexton has had an interesting and a varied career. He was born in this city on January 5, 1844. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted as a private. Three months later he was appointed sergeant. In June, 1862, he was promoted to a lieutenant, within three months he was elected captain, and commanded the Seventy-second Illinois throughout the Nashville campaign. In 1865 he was assigned to the staff of General A. J. Smith, acting as provost marshal until the end of the war. He then bought a plantation in Alabama, but left it two years later to return to Chicago to engage in the foundry and stove business, building up one of the largest manufacturing concerns here.

President Harrison appointed him postmaster of Chicago in 1889, and he served five years, instituting many valuable reforms. He is a mason of high degree. Colonel Sexton's family consists of his wife and nine sons and daughters. He has also been a Presidential elector and a colonel in the Illinois National Guard.

SENATOR KYLE STRICKEN DOWN.

The South Dakota Statesman Found Paralyzed and Speechless.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—United States Senator James H. Kyle, of South Dakota, is lying paralyzed at the Forest City House. Not a word has passed the stricken Senator's lips since he was found, all but lifeless, in room 74 of the hotel Thursday morning.

The bell indicator in the office of the hotel registered a call from room 74 at 7.30 a. m., and the bell boy who answered found the door of the room partly open and the Senator lying motionless and voiceless across the bed. A large armchair that usually stood at the side of the bed was overturned.

The frightened boy hurried down to the office with an exclamation that "Seventy-four is dead!" and the landlord went at once to the room. As he bent over the motionless form of the Senator the latter made an inarticulate sound, showing that he was conscious, though not able to move or speak.

Senator Kyle is forty-four years of age and is serving his second term in the Senate. He was formerly a clergyman.

The Last of Camp Black.

The Fourth, Fifth and Seventh Batteries, the last troops at Camp Black, Hempstead Plains, Long Island, have left for home. So far as known no more troops will be sent there.

OUR FINAL PEACE TERMS.

Commissioners to Paris Receive the President's Instructions.

NO DEVIATION IS PERMISSIBLE.

We Will Keep Luzon and Insist Upon a Semi-Control Over the Other Philippine Islands, With Spain in Apparent Charge—Spain May Retire Altogether—General Merritt's Views Needed.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The State Department gave out the following statement concerning the discussion between the members of the Cabinet and the Peace Commission:

"The members of the Peace Commission, with the exception of Senator Gray, whose absence was due to his inability to withdraw as counsel in a case in which he was engaged sometime before his appointment as one of the Peace Commissioners, have spent the greater part of Wednesday and Thursday in a free discussion of the duties with the discharge of which they have been intrusted by the President. Senator Gray before sailing will have a full conference with the President and his associates.

"While, for obvious reasons, it was determined that the nature of the instructions as to the negotiations about to be entered upon should for the present be kept secret and made known only after definite results shall have been reached, it is possible to state authoritatively that the commission goes to Paris fully prepared to follow a course of action mapped out for it as the result of the consultations of the last two days.

"At the very outset, it will be made clear to the Spanish Commissioners that, as in the case of the preliminary protocol, there can be no deviation from or modification of the demands made by the United States. The decision reached by the President, after a full consultation with the members of the commission, subsequently received the cordial and unanimous approval of the Cabinet at a meeting held at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon."

The instructions finally drawn up and approved by the President and his Cabinet at this special meeting mean, in the opinion of Washington expert observers, "permanent American control of the Philippines."

Contrary to general expectations, the Commissioners have been given one positive instruction in writing. It is:

"The full and unconditional cession of the island of Luzon, on which the city of Manila is situated."

The President had this instruction reduced to writing, in order that the American Commissioners might lay it before the Spaniards with absolute definiteness and insist upon it as a preliminary to further negotiations.

The disposition of the Philippines outside of the island of Luzon is left to the discretion of the Commissioners. Considerable latitude will be given them, but on the main point—the cession of Luzon Island—their instructions are ironclad.

A Cabinet official said that the insistence upon Luzon Island would likely result in an offer from Spain of the entire group. This would not surprise the President, he said.

All Spanish interests in the Philippines are centered on Luzon Island, and with this under the control of the United States Spain would be unable to maintain sovereignty in the remainder.

If Spain should comply literally with the American demands and cede Luzon, the Commissioners are authorized to exact certain trading privileges in the remainder of the Philippine group. They are directed further to obtain an agreement from Spain that none of the islands shall be disposed of to any foreign power. A joint protectorate may be suggested, in which event the American Commissioners have absolute power to accept such a proposition.

General Merritt will meet the Commissioners in Paris and his knowledge of the situation in the Philippines will influence the view of the Peace Commissioners as to the character of the government that they will ask Spain to establish in the islands outside of Luzon.

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS MEET.

Senator Lounsbury Gubernatorial Standard Bearer—The Platform.

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (Special).—Senator George E. Lounsbury was nominated for Governor of Connecticut on the first ballot. The result was: Lounsbury, 356; Porter, 120; Dewell, 16; Merwin, 1.

The rest of the ticket is as follows: Lieutenant-Governor, Lyman A. Mills, of Middlefield; State Secretary, Huber Clark, of Willimantic; Treasurer, C. S. Mersick, of New Haven; Comptroller, Thompson S. Grant, of Enfield; Attorney-General, Charles Phelps, of Vernon.

The platform indorses the administration of McKinley; advocates investigation of any incompetency on the part of war officials; stands for the gold standard; protection; urges a larger navy; a proper sea coast defence; the completion of the Nicaragua Canal; approves the annexation of Hawaii, and demands legislation for the upbuilding of the merchant marine.

The office of Attorney-General appears for the first time on a Connecticut State ticket.

Shortly after his nomination Senator Lounsbury was escorted to the convention, and, amid great enthusiasm, accepted the nomination in a short speech.

GENERAL OTIS HEARD FROM.

Insurgents Withdraw From Manila and Affairs More Satisfactory.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—General Otis cabled the War Department as follows:

"MANILA, September 15, 1898.

"Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

"Affairs much more satisfactory. Demands for withdrawal insurgent forces complied with, and all withdrawn or withdrawing to-day, except small forces in outlying districts, which are not obeying insurgent leader. Aguinaldo requests few days in which to withdraw them by detachments and punish their commanding officers. Over two thousand already withdrawn. No concessions granted insurgents, but strict compliance with demands of 8th inst. required. General good feeling prevailing. Manila quiet and business progressing favorably. No difficulty anticipated. Have been compelled to confine Spanish prisoners temporarily within limits of walled city. OTIS, Commanding."

THE UNITED STATES MARINES.

Bore Off the Palm Over All Competitors at the Last Paris Exposition.

In the popular mind marines are synonymous with sailors. As a matter of fact they are not sailors at all, but soldiers serving in ships. They are a part of the naval force and under the jurisdiction of the secretary of the navy; but they are, nevertheless, a distinct organization from the navy proper. The marines serve under their own officers, who are graduates of the Naval academy, and wear a uniform differing widely from that of the bluejackets. In fact the uniform of the Marine Corps closely resembles that of the army, consisting of the familiar sky blue trousers and closely buttoned dark blue coat with red trimmings. The marines take the greatest pride in their personal appearance. Each member of the guard strives to be at all times the pink of perfection. His clothes always appear new, with trousers creased as though fresh from the hands of a tailor, his belt is pipeclayed to a dazzling whiteness, and his rifle is equally ready for parade or action. This conscientious striving toward scrupulous cleanliness has borne good fruit. Whenever this country is called upon to send a detachment of soldiers to compete with foreign troops the marines are selected, because it is recognized that they will reflect credit upon the nation. At the last Paris exposition the United States was represented by a company of marines under the command of Captain Henry Clay Cochrane and Lieutenant Paul St. Clair Murphy. Here they came into competition with all the crack troops of Europe, including many of the famous royal guards. For neatness of appearance, soldierly bearing and precision of drill the marines bore off the palm, being unanimously voted the superiors of all their competitors by the Paris papers of the day. It caused the heart of every visiting American to beat with pride to see American troops pointed out as model soldiers. So marked was this superiority that the officers in charge were decorated with crosses of the Legion of Honor. —New York Sun.

Umbrellas in the Navy.

An umbrella is an ordinary, undramatic thing, as a rule, but when a stout, weather beaten old sailor in Uncle Sam's blue rolled along Broadway one recent day with an article of the kind spread over his head, the interest it excited was prolonged and sustained.

"No man in the navy," explained the tar, "ever includes the umbrella in his outfit. Most of the commissioned officers do, however, although it is never raised aboard ship, no matter how much it rains. Any man or officer who would hoist an umbrella at sea would become an object of ridicule so long as he remained in the service. But when an officer arrives at port he may bring out his umbrella, hoist it and even go ashore with it over his head without making of himself what the boys would call a "holy show.'

"Down in tropical countries the umbrella is most important. owing to the fierceness with which the sun shines. If an officer has to go ashore there he never neglects to take his umbrella, and even the men generally try to get hold of the article at those hot ports.

"Umbrellas used by the officers of the navy are just the same as you people who live ashore use and just as fancy in the handles. No officer comes ashore in his native land rigged up in his sea togs. He dresses like a private citizen, of course, and so makes use of the little conveniences of private folk.

"Looks funny to see a sailor carrying one of these things? Well, I expect it does, and if the lads aboard ship caught sight of it they'd have more sport with me than a bundle of monkeys."—New York Herald.

Merits of Steel Sleepers.

The question of the relative merits of steel sleepers as compared with wooden ones has long been a vexing question to the railroad officials having to do with such matters. There is no doubt now, however, that steel sleepers are superior to those of wood in some cases, according to the report of an official of the Netherland State railroad. From this report it appears that the Gothard Railroad company of Switzerland, now has 70 per cent. of its own track laid with iron or steel sleepers. They began to use the metallic sleepers 16 years ago and have kept a careful watch upon them all the time. The road is crooked and has long tunnels and steep grades. When the sleeper of average weight is put in it costs about $1.90, but when taken out it is still worth something, and the net cost would therefore reach about $1.68 each. After the first two years the cost of keeping the track in order is decidedly lower with metal than with wooden sleepers, and the lateral displacement of the tracks on curves is less. In long tunnels the steel sleepers rust, so that they last only eight or ten years, and on tangents in long tunnels wooden sleepers are still used. The reports state that except in long tunnels, the sleepers of metal will last as long as the rail.—Philadelphia Record.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,..... .50
THREE MONTHS,..... .25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

CALVIN.

D. K. Coder is finishing up his thresh ing tour this week.

Dr. Mierley made a short visit to his old stamping grounds a few days ago.

Mrs. Clell Baker and son visited Mrs.. Baker's mother the latter part of last week.

B. F. Mierley and wife have been visiting friends in Huntingdon for a few days past.

L. W. Pheasant is making some needed repairs to his dwelling house in the shape of a new roof.

Harry Householder, of Marklesburg, landed in this place on Monday morning before breakfast.

Nearly all the people of Calvin went to Cassville on Saturday night to attend the Andujar lecture.

Prof. J. O. Smith has put down a well near his dwelliug which has been much needed for many years.

J. C. Shaffer has been awarded the contract for furnishing the book cases for Union township schools at $4 each.

Mrs. Zach Harnish and husband visited at the homes of P. Bowman and Grant Cornelius, sons-in-law of Mrs. Harnish, over Sunday.

Beaty Bros. have added steam power to their grist mill and farmers can have first-class work done on short notice. L. Robison and son have the reputation of making the best chop possible.

The contract for repairing the steeple of the M. E. church has been awarded to Lemuel Stevens, of Cassville, who has four men at work and will have it completed by the time this is in print.

J. C. Shaffer, who attended the Mifflin county fair week before last, thinks Trough Creek valley could very easily have a better one. How about a Huntingdon county fair? There are a very large number of our farmers and many others who would like to see one in this county. Where, O where, are our enterprizing people!

CASSVILLE.

Rev. Mason, who fell while in Huntingdon and broke his leg, is in a very critical condition.

Miss Flora Green returned from an extended visit to friends in West Virginia looking extremely well.

Rev. Hall and wife returned from East Liverpool on Saturday. They are assigned to Houtzdale charge and will move in the near future.

All persons who desire to avail themselves of the five per cent. rebate on their school tax in Cass township should remember that October 1st is the last day on which to make payment.

Our people enjoyed a rare treat on Saturday evening in the lecture by Rev. Andujar on Mexico, as he described in well-chosen words the "land of the Aztecs." We seemed to see the luxuriant palm, prickly cactus and luscious fruits in the "land of the Shining Sun." A splendid audience greeted him. The offering is for the cause of missions.

Rev. Glass delivered an illustrated temperance sermon on Sabbath evening. In eloquent words he described the first step, then the gradual descent to ruin. May the parents of our vicinity heed his words and banish hard cider from their cellars or by and by there will be a skeleton in the closet. One boy out of every five to keep the saloon going.

Mrs. J. O. Heaton and daughter Mary, J. B. Shuman and Miss Minnie Shuman attended the Grand Army picnic at Mapleton last Saturday. They speak in highest terms of their cordial and hospitable reception, of the beautiful grove and excellent music by the Mapleton band. The speeches by the veterans were excellent and it was an inspiring occasion.

THREE SPRINGS.

A welcome shower last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Effie Kirk, of Hustontown, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Anna Cutshall, on Hudson street.

Harmon Park, the successful miller from Maddensville, was in town on businesses last Saturday.

D. E. McClain, one of Saltillo's energetic business men, was in town last Monday on business.

Amos Weller, of Willow Hill, was in this vicinity last week and succeeded in buying several milk cows.

David H. Heck, who has been engaged at Duquesne, spent Saturday and Sunday with his family at this place.

We are sorry to note the illness of our friend and neighbor Samuel Heeter, who is suffering from the effects of a carbuncle and general debility. We wish for his speedy recovery.

Three Springs will furnish a candidate in the person of H. C. Weight for county commissioner for the next term. Mr. Weight has been successful in managing his own affairs and those are the kind of men who are needed in the county offices.

The demand for fertilizer in this and surrounding community has been unusually large this season. There has been about $5000 worth of fertilizer shipped to this place this season. Think of it! $5000 worth at one point, and a large demand that cannot be supplied on account of the parties not placing their orders in time. This shows that the farmers have awakened to the fact that they must feed their land in order that it may feed them, for if they starve their land it will surely starve them.

SALTILLO.

Corn cutting is in order and the leaves are falling fast.

Miss Chilcoat, of Orbisonia, is visiting at the residence of John Kapp.

Misses French and McClain, nieces of Mrs. John Zano, are visiting their aunt.

Miss Ala Smyers is quite ill with typhoid fever. Mrs. John Giffin is thought to be on the mend.

Miss Maggie Griffith, of Gettysburg, paid a briet visit at the residence of D. E. McClain last week.

Mrs. Poller, of Philipsburg, and her niece, Miss McMullen, of Osceola, were visiting at the residence of Samuel Grove last week.

Mrs. Mary Green and sister Nettie were recent visitors to Saltillo. Mrs. Green thought Saltillo would be lovely to visit but she would not care to make it her home again.

A little two-year-old daughter of John Thomas, of this place, crawled up on a chair and in looking out of a second-story window lost her balance and fell on a shed, and from there rolled on the shed three or four feet and then fell to the ground and barring the cut lips the child was uninjured, which seems miraculous.

James Murry, of McKean county, is visiting the scenes of his old home, after an absence of eleven years. Mr. Murry buried his wife about four weeks ago. Mrs. Murry was formerly Miss Della Spanogle and will be remembered by many as "little Della," a jovial, bright little girl. Mrs. Murry leaves to mourn her a husband and six children.

Huntingdon County Pomona.

The third quarterly meeting of Huntingdon County Pomona will be held with Donation Grange Wednesday and Thursday, September 28th and 29th, 1898, for which the following program has been prepared:

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Call to order at 7.30 P. M.
Address of Welcome— T. O. Milliken.
Response— Jonathan Evans.
Reading of minutes of last meeting.
Music.
Appointing of Committees.
Reports from Granges.
Question box.
Music.

THURSDAY—9 A. M.

Discussson of question, "Should We Encourage the Postal Saving Bank System?" opened by R. P. Smith, Grange No. 935.
Discussion of question, "How Much Time Each Day Should the Farmer and His Wife Devote to Self-improvement, or Is the Work of More Importance Than the Worker?" opened by H. H. Summers, Grange No. 914.
Music.
Adjournment for dinner.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON—1.30 O'CLOCK.

Discussion of question, "Should All Legislation Be Submitted to the Direct Vote of the People for Final Decision?" opened by R. S. Seeds, Grange No. 974.
Music.
Discussion of question, "What Wild Birds and Animals That Frequent the Farm Deserve the Good Will of the Farmer?" opened by W. S. Sharer, Grange No. 368.
Music.
The time of the Fifth Degree session will be decided by the officers.
Reports of Committees.
Closing Song.

Each Grange is requested to send delegates.

Visiting patrons will be met at Huntingdon Wednesday noon. Bring your song books with you.

J. L. ENYEART, Master.
D. M. SUMMERS, Secretary.

NIAGARA FALLS.

$10 Ten-Day Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The last two ten-day excursions of the present season to Niagara Falls via the Pennsylvania Railroad will leave Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on September 15 and 29, 1898. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon accompany each excursion.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all other points on the Delaware Division; $9.60 from Lancaster; $8.50 from Altoona and Harrisburg; $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; $5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points. Excursionists will travel by special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo, Rochester Canandaigua and Watkins returning.

Tickets from Atlantic City and other South Jersey points, and stations on the Delaware Division, will be good for passage to Philadelphia on day preceding date of excursion.

Tickets for a side trip to the Thousand Islands (Alexandria Bay) will be sold from Rochester, good to return to Rochester or to Canandaigua via Syracuse within five days, at rate of $5.50.

Tickets for a side trip to Toronto will be sold from Niagara Falls at rate of $1.00 via rail and boat, good only on day of issue.

For time of trains and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 9-7-4t.

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. BUTLER, of pack train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of Henry Penrose, deceased,]

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of H. H. Waite, Esq., administrator of Henry Penrose, late of the Borough of Birmingham, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Hazlett Building, Huntingdon, Pa., on Tuesday, October 18, 1898, at ten o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested must present their claims or be debarred from partaking of said fund.

SAML. I. SPYKER, Auditor.
9-21-3t.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brumbaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 4. House and lot at corner of Sugar and Grant streets. Large lot, out buildings. Seven-room house recently remodeled.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Giant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,

JERE B. REX, Executor.
Aug. 10 tf. Huntingdon Pa.

Wm. Reed & Son.

September's cold snap, though a little premature, found us ready with complete stocks of all which it necessitated.

Underwear was the first thing in demand, but we had it in all weights and grades. The merits of these goods will proclaim themselves as the thermometer drops. Our stock includes the new shapes in Union Suits as well as the two-piece suits (vests and drawers) in all grades from the heavy, fleeced cotton to the soft wools.

Dress fabrics in the newest and prettiest weaves and colors, we have provided in great abundance. Black seems to be very popular and our line of dress woolens is a comprehensive one, running from 25 cents to $2 per yd. All fine novelties in blacks and colors come in dress lengths only.

In spite of the tariff's advancing prices we can still offer a most excellent all wool serge at 25 cts. You will find it a pleasure to look through our immense coat department. As yet we can only hint at its many advantages in matter of price and style. Our line of golf capes is newness itself.

Every department is worthy of a whole advertisement just now, so you must visit the store to know about the fall stocks.

Gentlemen will find our Eighmie white shirt equal to any "made to order" shirt offered both as to style and comfort. Ask to see it. Do not forget our big stock of carpets and curtains.

Strictly all wool, two ply carpets (none better) 58 cents.
Best part cotton carpets (none better) 48 cents.

Wm Reed & Son,
Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW
FALL STYLES,
STETSON
HATS,
—JUST ARRIVED AT—
O. L. STEWART'S.

—BIG DRIVE IN—
Knee Pants,
New Lot,
All Wool,
WORTH 75 and $1.00, GO AT 50 CENTS.

Have you tried any of the HUNTINGDON KNITTING MILLS STOCKINGS? We have them in all colors, and all sizes, 3 PAIR FOR 25 CENTS. None better. If you buy them once you will come back for more. Sold only by the

ONE PRICE CASH CLOTHIER,
O. L. STEWART.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier
DIRECTORS.
J. C. Hazlett, J. R. Flenner, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and H. B. Brumbaugh.
Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of John M. Fulton, deceased.]

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of the above named decedent, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make settlement immediately, and to those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

D. F. SHOPE, Administrator.
Saltillo, Pa., August 23, 1898. 6t.

THE "ITEM"

$1.00 per Year.

Everybody
Surprised
Over my fresh arrival of
MISSES',
GENTS'
and Child's
SHOES.
Surprise, first, at the
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
Surprise, second, at the
SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Surprise, third, at the
IMMENSE VARIETY.
Surprise, fourth, at the
LOW PRICES.

I have been some time in getting these "surprises" all here and ready for you, but at last am able to announce

Bargains all Through the House.

I solicit a comparison of goods and prices, knowing you will find that my NEW STOCK is the best and cheapest.

J. C. Hazlett,
402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Sep. 21, 1898.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Fresh beef at B. O'Connor & Sons' next Friday.

—According to the calendar autumn begins to-day.

—Nelson D. Boring has our thanks for a basket of choice grapes.

—Mrs. Scott Brown, of Orbisonia, is the guest of George Godard and wife.

—William Reed & Son's new ad. in this issue is full of fall news for buyers.

—W. A. McCarl and family, of Kipple, visited among friends in Mapleton last week.

—Levi Wright, of Hare's valley, has been granted an increase of pension from $8 to $12 per month.

—Jesse Fetterhoof, of Warriorsmark, spent the past week with his daughter, Mrs. Dr. Spangler, in Mapleton.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—H. D. Wicks and family returned to Mapleton last week from Butler county where Mr. Wicks has been employed for several months.

—John G. Gillam and Bruce Yocum departed this morning on a bicycle tour the objective points being Baltimore and Washington.

—Mrs. Amon L. Walls, of Johnstown, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. E. McConahy, in Mapleton. She will spend a short time among friends in this section.

—Oliver Foust, of Henderson township, who had a paralytic stroke on the 6th inst., died on Monday and was buried yesterday. We extend sympathy to the bereaved friends.

—The Allegheny conference of the U. B. church meets at Braddock to-day. In this conference there are ninety-nine ministers, 210 churches and 13,048 members. Bishop Kephart will preside at this session.

—E. L. Darr and Milton Rogers, of Altoona, camped at the Robley farm last week and endeavored to lure the bass from the Juniata in that section. The bass however declined their enticements and the gentlemen went home empty handed.

—We regret to learn that our young friend Roy Gillam, of Tyrone, is seriously ill with typhoid fever. On the 11th inst. he returned with the Sheridan troop from Porto Rico and on Thursday he was obliged to take his bed. We hope for his speedy recovery.

—James T. Marlin, a former citizen of Mapleton, died at the home of his son William in Curwensville, Sunday, September 11th. He was aged 74 years, 10 months and 3 days. We are without further particulars. "Daddy" Marlin, as he was familiarly known to our people, was a good man and since early manhood had been a devout member of the United Brethren church and in prayer and exhortation he was remarkably gifted. Many warm friends sincerely mourn him. He is survived by two sons and two daughters.

—Saturday, September 24th, the Patrons of Husbandry of Huntingdon county and their families will hold a basket picnic at Riverside Park, Mapleton, under the auspices of Mapleton Grange No. 1134, P. of H. Address of welcome at 10.30 by Rev. Henry Treverton; response by Rev. D. H. Campbell. Question box. Some very important questions which will interest every P. of H. will be discussed by able speakers. This picnic is intended to be a social gathering. Come and bring your friends and do not forget to bring your Grange music book with you. Mapleton Grange will furnish hot coffee but you must furnish the vessel to put it in. Do not let a cloud in the heavens keep you away as a place near the ground is secured for a rainy day. Do not think because you do not belong to a Grange you are not invited. We want to show you a pleasant grove and a happy time. Bring the children with you, we have room for them to have a good time, and above all do not forget that it is a basket picnic. Refreshments such as ice cream, lemonade, pies, sandwiches, cakes, buns, cigars, etc., will be sold on the ground. All well-behaved people are cordially invited to join us in this outing. No intoxicants allowed on the ground.

—The picnic held under the auspices of Harry Corbin Post No. 209, G. A. R., at Riverside Park last Saturday was reasonably well attended. Among those from a distance who participated in the camp fire were Capt. D. Ross Miller, of Tyrone, Samuel Ewing and O. S. Temple, of Newton Hamilton, and Rev. D. H. Campbell, of Mount Union. The methods of army punishments as exemplified were not only amusing but instructive to the rising generation. Quite a large crowd of people listened attentively to the interesting recital of army experiences.

William Numer.

William Numer died at his home in this place Thursday morning, September 15, 1898, at 1.50 o'clock after an illness of over four years duration. He was aged 68 years, 8 months and 7 days. The remains were interred Saturday morning in Mountain View cemetery, services conducted by Rev. D. H. Campbell being held in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Numer was born at Shippensburg, Pa., January 8, 1830. When a young man he came to Huntingdon county and December 25, 1854, he was married to Miss Elizabeth Mahon at Huntingdon. His wife, four daughters and one son survive him. He is also survived by two sisters and one brother. They are Mrs. James Goodman and Mrs. Alfred Potter, both of Dwight, Illinois, and Adam Numer, of Kansas City.

Nearly five years ago Mr. Numer sustained injuries by the caving in of a trench at the Juniata Sand works which resulted in a light paralytic stroke. From this he recovered sufficiently to engage in light employment but March 1, 1894 he had a more severe stroke which deprived him of speech and the use of his limbs. Since that time he has been in a helpless condition. Death was, no doubt, to him a welcome release from suffering.

Mr. Numer enlisted October 12, 1861 in Co. C, 53d Penna. Infantry and was discharged September 1, 1863. February 5, 1865, he again enlisted in Co. D, 4th Penna. Cavalry and was discharged at the close of the war. His comrades speak of him as a gallant soldier.

During the long period of his illness Mr. Numer appeared to find comfort in spiritual tunes which he almost continually hummed, the words being inarticulate. We extend sympathy to the bereaved friends.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Warren F. Conrad to Mary E. Conrad, property in Warriorsmark township. Consideration $700.

Mary E Conrad and husband to Miriam Switzer, property in Warriorsmark township. Consideration $300.

Christiana E. Rishell and husband to Isaac Taylor, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1400.

Isaac Taylor and wife to I. Newton Taylor, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1400.

Hayes H. Waite, assignee, to I. N. Foust, properties in Mill Creek and Brady township. Consideration $1.00.

Frank Starr and wife to W. G. Mansbarger, property in Cromwell township. Consideration $196.30.

Eliza J. Barrick et al. to W. McSpeer et al., property in Huntingdon &c. Consideration $559.34.

Benjamin Shope and wife to Jane Nycum, property in Saltillo. Consideration $110.

Andrew Wilson to Mrs. Margery Shugarts, property in Jackson township. Consideration $250.

Eleanor Thompson to Hannah Briggs, property in Tell township. Consideration $300.

Christiana Rishell and husband to Mary A. Morrison, property in Mount Union. Consideration $150.

The German National B. & L. association to John R. Wimer, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $2250.

Robert Graffius, trustee, to Florence E. Decker, property in Alexandria. Consideration $400.

Darius Wilson and wife to Martin W. Chronister, property in Warriorsmark township. Consideration $70.

Harris Richardson and wife to J. Murray Africa, property in Hnntingdon. Consideration $300.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in it's merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds. sores, in the shortest space of time. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Geo. W. Goodman.

The subject of this sketch, together with a twin brother, Thos. D., was a Christmas present to his parents, Mr. Samuel Goodman and wife, December 25, 1844. His early life was spent near Mill Creek and after being employed by the P. R. R. company, in 1862 he removed to that place. During a period of thirty-five years he was employed continuously by the railroad company as a track hand, brakeman and watchman, and through all these years was never suspended but once, and that was on account of those higher in authority failing to repair a broken rail which he had found and reported, and the suspension was at once removed as soon as the affair was explained. He was always held in high esteem by the officials of the company, and when stricken with paralysis on Tuesday last. an engine was sent promptly from Huntingdon to convey him to his home. After reaching home he spoke a few words to his friends, then lapsed into insensibility, from which he never rallied, although everything which loving hands and medical skill could devise was done for his relief.

An instance of the esteem in which Mr. Goodman was held may be shown by the accompanying letter. But a short month before his death, while passing over the road one night, he found the lifeless form of a woman lying in the six-foot. The matter was promptly reported to the authorities and an investigation showed the unfortunate woman to be Mrs. Chas. B. Reiter, of Pittsburg. In his deep affliction the sorrow-stricken husband remembered the humble track walker for performing faithfully his nightly vigil, and sent to him on Thursday last a handsome silver-headed cane with the inscription, "Geo. Goodman, 8, 19, '98," and this letter:

PITTSBURG, Pa., September 14, 1898.—My dear Mr. Goodman: I have ordered sent to you this day a walking stick suitably inscribed as a trifling reward for the service done me in finding the body of my beloved wife on August 19, 1898. I sincerely hope and pray that you may use this stick in remembrance of her, as she was a most kind-hearted woman, gentle and loving, and had a kind word for all. Wishing you a long and useful life, and at the end you may rest with Him who gives eternal rest and happiness. Write me if you can.

Yours very sincerely,
Chas. B. Reiter.

But Mr. Goodman had entered that rest a few minutes before the arrival of the handsome cane or the kind letter.

July 4, 1872, Mr. Goodman was married to Miss Narcissa R Sloan, who, with two grown-up children, Elsie and Clyde, survive to mourn the loss of an affectionate husband and a loving father. Four brothers, Thomas and B. F., of Mill Creek, John, of Cresson, and Albert, of Clearfield, followed his remains sorrowfully to the silent city.

The name "Goodman" was not a misnomer for this worthy man, and though occupying but a humble place in life, his friends were many and enemies none. The name "Geo. W." was also worthily applied, for I do not think that person could be found who would doubt his word when given as authority for a statement.

Mr. Goodman, we believe, never united with any church, though for years has contributed of his means for the support of the Christian ministry, and in acquaintance of twenty-five years with him, in which we have associated, worked, hunted and fished together, we cannot recall a single instance in which his conduct was unworthy of a Christian or a gentleman.

An illustration of his charitable disposition may be seen in the fact that he provided a good home for little Nellie, an orphan, left motherless in infancy, for six years past, whose daily question was when arising in the morning, "Did papa come?" and having forgotten the sad events of previous days was heard to ask the same question the morning after the funeral.

The last sad rites were conducted by Rev. H. Grimwood, pastor of the Baptist church at Mill Creek, on Saturday, assisted by Rev. H. Treverton, of the M. E. church, and the remains were followed to the beautiful Mill Creek cemetery by a large concourse of sorrowing friends. Another of those we had learned to love has gone to the other shore, and as we think of the beautiful cemetery, the mountain and the river running at its base, we are reminded of the beautiful lines:

"And I sit and think when the sunset's gold
Is flushing river and hill and shore,
I shall one day stand by the waters cold
And list to the sound of the boatman's oar."

—B.

Marriage Licenses.

James A. Davis, Mount Union, and Annie F. Frehn, Robertsdale.

Elias Beaumont and Minnie Miller, both of Huntingdon.

Charles R. Burdge and Harriet J. Love, both of Shade valley.

R. H. Moore, Trenton, N. J., and Sallie S. Porter, Alexandria.

Lawrence A. Burris and Katie Hall, both of Huntingdon.

B. W. Thomas, Saltillo, and Julia A. Snyder, Burnt Cabins, Fulton Co., Pa.

George H. G. Gray and Olive L. Madden, both of Columbus, Ohio.

Samuel C. Skipper, Mapleton, and Minnie DeFrain, Mount Union.

W. G. Focht, Huntingdon, and Matilda E. Hobach, Green Park, Pa.

W. Grant Ritchey and Chlorinda E. Riley, both of Franklin township.

Frank Wilson and Currence Briggs, both of Orbisonia.

James M. Gladfelter and Nettie M. Nupper, both of Mapleton.

Co. A, 5th P. V. Returns.

The Fifth regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers which, since being mustered into the service, has been in camp at Mt. Gretna, Chickamauga and Lexington broke camp at Lexington last Saturday morning and Sunday they arrived on Keystone soil. Over five thousand people had gathered at Huntingdon to welcome Company A, which was recruited in this county. When the train left Altoona at 3.04 o'clock P. M., the fact was announced at Huntingdon by the ringing of bells. Just prior to the arrival of the train at 4.15 o'clock Prof. John Messmer stationed himself on the roof of the Leister House and loud and clear rang out the mellifluent notes of "America" from his cornet. As the train pulled into the station the tune was changed to "Home Sweet Home." The "boys" having landed they marched to the Armory escorted by the Huntingdon band, G. A. R. and reception committee of one hundred.

At the Armory a prayer of thanksgiving was offered by Rev. R. H. Gilbert after which Mayor R. A. Orbison extended a welcome. Hon. W. McK. Williamson delivered a masterly address of welcome and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. S. F. Forgeus. Corporal Samuel Hemphill and privates Robert Steel, Ray White, Ira Fair and Jonas L. Smith were not able to march to the Armory but were taken there in carriages and ambulances. The remainder of the company appear to be enjoying excellent health.

William Stubbs and Jonas L. Smith, the members from Mapleton, arrived home on Mail express Sunday evening and fully two hundred people were at the depot to extend them a cordial welcome. Mr. Smith was taken to his home in Union township and it is hoped that tender home nursing may soon restore him to health and vigor. A. M. Smith, of Cass township, did not reach Mapleton until Monday morning when he proceeded to his home.

A formal welcome will be given the company at Huntingdon to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock. For this occasioe fast line west and Philadelphia express east will stop at Mapleton and Mill Creek. Let there be a good attendance in honor of the brave boys who offered their best to their country.

Court Notes.

The case of Levi Anderson vs. Samuel H. Anderson, which occupied the attention of the court for the greater part of the week closed on Thursday, resulting in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the tract of land in controversy, being a farm in Springfield township, to be released, however, on payment by Samuel H. Anderson, within sixty days, to Levi Anderson, plaintiff, the sum of $300.16. This is virtually a victory for the defendant, as the plaintiff claimed the full and complete title.

The next case was an action of assumpsit by Sarah A. Miller and Elizabeth Odenkirk vs. H. C. Madden, esq., to recover the sum of $127.50 with interest from April 1st, 1895, alleged to be due from defendant, upon a claim for damages due Elizabeth Odenkirk from the Pennsylvania Railroad company and collected by Mr. Madden. J. F. Schock, esq., represented the plaintiff and Messrs. W. H. & J. S. Woods the defendant. The jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $153.95. Motions for a new taial were filed.

In the case of Elizabeth Beaumont vs. H. C. Madden and the borough of Huntingdon for damages for personal injuries sustained by reason of falling in a ditch near Eighth and Washington streets the plaintiff's attorneys agreed to a compulsory non-suit as to claim against Mr. Madden and were compelled to submit to the same in claim against the borough after argument of the law. Messrs. Furst & Dorris represented the plaintiff. W. H. Woods, esq., represented Mr. Madden and H. H. Waite, esq., and J. C. Jackson, esq., the borough. Motion was filed by plaintiff to take off judgment of nonsuit, which will be argued at October argument court.

Richard B. Roper was appointed tax collector for Alexandria borough.

Jno. Brewster, committee of Wm. N. Kirby, was authorized to pay funeral expenses of Elizabeth Kirby, deceased, wife of his ward.

F. S. Brewster, T. W. Montgomery and Zach Keatly were appointed viewers to view site for bridge in Warriorsmark township.

A Complete Line of

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Glassware,
Queensware,
Wood and Willow-ware,
Groceries,
Notions,
Flour and Feed,
Salt,
Boots and Shoes,
and everything usually found in a first-class GENERAL STORE can be found at the old stand of

A. B. Gillam.

Spring and Summer

Choicest Offerings Just Received.

Full line of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BRUSHES, WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER, CARPET CHAIN, &c.

Also a nice line of Neckwear, Percale and Madras Dress Shirts, Underwear, Straw Hats, &c.

It is easy to see how and where to save money in buying Dry Goods. Just look all around and then come here and compare prices, style and quality. The comparison will strike you more forcibly and be in our favor.

The continued growth in our business from year to year is largely due to the fact of judicious buying and selling and to-day finds our store better stocked with Choice Goods than in the past.

Ask to see our Lake Fish.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

There's Only One "Best Place"

In every city to buy Bread, Cakes, Candies, Oysters, Ice Cream and Lunch. That place is

FISHER'S,

417 Penn St.,

People who buy at his place have known this all along. People who buy elsewhere find it out after one purchase.

Huntingdon, Pa.

GO TO MAKE PEACE TERMS

Our Commissioners Sail For Paris to Meet Spain's Representatives.

DEPARTURE WITHOUT CEREMONY

The British Steamer That Carried Them Flew Our Flag—Our Commissioners Expect the Work to Take About Two Months—Senator Gray, the Only Member Going Uninstructed.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The American Peace Commission, with its large retinue, consisting of about thirty-five persons, sailed Saturday afternoon for Paris, via Liverpool, on the Cunard Line steamship Campania. The ship had a good-sized passenger list, and the usual steamer day crowd which always comes to speed departing friends was considerably augmented by the presence aboard of the commissioners.

There was an almost entire absence of demonstration, so far as the commission was concerned, as few in the crowd recognized the members as they made their way separately to the ship. They went about the business of departure as though they were bent merely upon a pleasure trip, and not upon a mission which affects nations. They departed as unostentatiously as could be imagined.

The Commissioners occupy six of the most desirably located suite staterooms on the main deck of the Campania. There are three on each side of the ship. In the sitting room of each suite there is a large oak table, and around one of them the commission will probably gather several times during the voyage.

Quartered near the Commissioners are John R. McArthur, assistant secretary, wife and daughter; Frank Branagan, disbursing clerk, and wife; Arthur Ferguson, Spanish interpreter, and wife; Mr. Spear, French interpreter; Mr. Martin, cipher expert; Dr. J. S. Rodriguez, translator; Mr. Corbin, attache; Messrs. Taylor, Stark and Buck, Commissioners' secretaries; Misses Atkinson and McNaughton, Spanish and French stenographers, and Messrs. Savoy and Freeman, messengers.

Four cameras had been focused on the saloon gangway during the arrival of the Commissioners, and all shutters clicked as each one passed. The biggest one was afterward carried up to the starboard side of the hurricane deck, where the Commissioners had gathered, and a picture of the group was taken. The Commissioners were nearly all dressed in light summer suits, and the entire party looked like one off for a vacation.

There is no doubt in the minds of the Commissioners, however, that a very serious work is before them. If everthing goes smoothly two months ought to be sufficient time, they think, in which to agree upon a treaty of peace. Any serious disagreement will, of course, make the time much longer. As has been said at Washington, the Commissioners, with the exception of Senator Gray, have heard directly from President McKinley and the Cabinet what terms the United States desires in the treaty, but the Commissioners will have considerable latitude of discretion in meeting whatever discussion of minor details may arise.

Senator Gray told the reporters that he had no instructions and was free to act as he deemed best. When asked how he felt in regard to the idea of non-expansion, made a Democratic party measure in some sections, he said "I am a Democrat."

As the big liner, the American colors flying high aloft, moved out into the stream, the crowd which had surged about the gangways made a rush for the pierhead to say the last farewells. Many of the assistants to the commission were on deck, but the Commissioners themselves remained out of view until after the steamer had pulled well down stream. A good American cheer, however, greeted the ship as she slowly warped out.

Long before the steamer sailed the fifteen cases of documents, marked with especially designed posters and stencils and sealed with the great seal of the United States, were put on board and stored conveniently, so that if the Commissioners on the way over desire to look up the authorities on any point they can do so.

THE AMERICAN PEACE COMMISSIONERS WHO HAVE SAILED FOR PARIS FRANCE, WHERE THEY WILL ARRANGE TERMS OF PEACE WITH SPAIN.

Guide Kills Another Son.

Fred Picknell, the New York Adirondack guide, while hunting a few days ago in the woods, fired at a distant object in the bushes. He was horrified to find that he had killed his youngest son, Philip. Last year Picknell killed another son in a similar manner.

Spain Names Her Commissioners.

The Spanish Peace Commissioners have been appointed. They are Senor Montero Rios, President of the Senate, who is President of the commission; General Cerebos and Senors Abarzuza, Villarrutia and Garnica.

DR. HALL DIES IN IRELAND.

The Eminent Pastor Had Long Suffered From Heart Disease.

BELFAST, Ireland (Special).—The Rev. Dr. John Hall, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York, died suddenly at the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Magowan, his sister, at Bangor, county Down. Death was due to heart disease, and followed an illness of only two days. Mrs. Hall, his wife, and two sons, the Rev. Thomas C. Hall and Professor Robert W. Hall, were at the bedside. He had been in ill health for four months, but had shown improvement, and was intending to return to New York, passage having already been secured for himself and wife on a steamer leaving Liverpool.

Dr. Hall was born in county Armagh, Ireland, on July 31, 1829. His family was originally Scotch but had lived in county Armagh since 1600. As pastor of what was probably the richest church in this country, and certainly the richest in New York, Dr. Hall occupied a conspicuous position among clergymen. Dr. Hall first preached there on June 15, 1867. In the congregation at the time were the wealthiest and most influential people in the city, among them the Sloanes, the Stuarts, the Jaffrays, Robert Bonner, Robert Hoe, Elliott F. Shepard, Dr. Agnew, Charles Farrier, J. D. Vermilye and Henry S. Marquand. Dr. Hall was a man of great stature, with a kindly face, and was dearly beloved by the members of his congregation. He was a splendid speaker and had a way of convincing people of the truth of what he said that was marvelous. He was particularly effectual with men.

DEATH OF MISS WINNIE DAVIS.

The "Daughter of the Confederacy" Passes Away.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I. (Special).—Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, and widely known and beloved in the Southern States as the "Daughter of the Confederacy," died at noon Sunday at the Rockingham Hotel, to which place she came as a guest in the early part of the social season here. She had been ill for several weeks, and a fortnight ago her ailment was diagnosed as malarial gastritis.

Miss Varina Anne Davis, or, as she was better known, Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," was born at the Southern White House, at Richmond, in the last year of the War of the Rebellion. Her father was Jefferson Davis, and her mother, before her marriage, was a Miss Howell, from an old family of Mississippi. Although a musician and a painter of no mean ability, it was in letters that she most distinguished herself. She wrote many essays and stories, including "An Irish Knight of the Seventeen Century," "The Veiled Doctor," and recently an article on "Foreign Education for American Girls." In 1892 Miss Davis was chosen Queen of Comus at the New Orleans Carnival. She had traveled extensively. Miss Davis had many admirers, and at one time her engagement to Mr. Williamson, of Syracuse, N. Y., a member of a well-known Northern family, was announced, but the engagement was broken.

THE EMPRESS LAID AT REST.

The Dead Queen's Imperial Funeral Attended by Vast Crowds.

VIENNA, Austria (By Cable).—The funeral of Empress Elizabeth was celebrated with impressive ceremonies Saturday afternoon. An imposing procession proceeded slowly from the Hofburg Chapel to the Church of the Capuchin. The houses along the route were deeply draped with black, and the streets were crowded with people wearing mourning emblems.

The funeral car was drawn by eight horses, and was escorted by a large force of troops and a long train of dignitaries, Court servants, pages and footmen, bearing lighted tapers.

The church was draped with black, and the Cardinal Archbishop of Vienna, Mgr. Gruecha, officiated. The services were brief, and when they were finished the casket was lifted from the catafalque and borne down the stairway to the vaults, where the final benediction was pronounced.

After the departure of the foreign Princes and representatives, Emperor Francis Joseph drove to Schoenbrunn. The imperial family dined at the Hofburg. The King of Saxony was present. Emperor William, Prince Hohenlohe, the German Imperial Chancellor, and Baron von Buelow, with their suites, dined at the German Embassy. Afterward Emperor William held a circle, and then started for Berlin at 9 o'clock Saturday evening.

Captain Allyn Capron Dead.

Captain Allyn Capron of the First Artillery died Sunday, at his home near Fort Myer, Va. He had been ill with typhoid fever, but was recovering when he suffered a relapse and passed away suddenly. Captain Capron was the father of Captain Allyn Capron, Jr., of the rough riders, who was killed in the famous charge of his regiment at La Guasimas on June 24. Both father and son were in the thickest of the fighting in Cuba.

AN ALABAMA TRAGEDY.

Farmer Kills His Sweetheart For Stepping on His Sore Toe.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. (Special).—John Hill, a young farmer, attended a social with Miss Lucy Green near Aldrich a few nights ago. In the course of the evening the young woman offended him by receiving with favor marked attentions from other young men. On the way home they were heard by several couples in their rear quarreling in a heated manner over her alleged inconstancy.

The young man had a sore toe, which he had hit with an axe a day or two before. The girl, resenting his reproaches, told him she would tread on his toe if he did not quit quarreling. Suiting the action to the word, she gently pressed the sore toe with her foot. Young Hill became very angry at the act, and told her he would kill her if she repeated it.

"I never take a dare," she replied, and stepped on his toe again, this time severely.

"You will take lead just the same," said the irate man, and he shot the girl through the body with a pistol. She died a few hours afterward. Hill is under arrest, and claims that the murder was accidental.

SWEPT OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

Philadelphia Brewer Throws Himself Into the Rapids and is Killed.

BUFFALO, N. Y. (Special). — Peter Schemm, a rich brewer from Philadelphia, jumped from the Goat Island bridge at Niagara and his body was swept over the American falls.

Schemm engaged a carriage and went out for a drive. At Goat Island bridge he told the driver he would walk to get a better view of the rapids, and when in the centre of the bridge he shouted "Goodby!" and leaped over the railing.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—Peter Schemm was in his seventy-fifth year. He was born in Germany. Advancing age and the fear of total blindness are the only reasons the family and friends can think of that would lead him to end his life. For several years he had been afflicted with cataracts of the eye. Mr. Schemm's fortune is estimated at $1,500,000. His business and financial affairs were in excellent condition.

AUSTRIAN MOBS KILL ITALIANS.

Murder of Their Empress Causes Attacks on Assassin's Countrymen.

ROME, Italy (By Cable).—A very disagreeable impression has been produced here by the attacks on Italians at Trieste, Lubiana, Vienna and other places in Austria. The riots at Trieste in particular have produced a deep impression.

Special dispatches from Vienna say the entire Austria-Hungarian Empire is infuriated against the Italians, as a result of the assassination of the Empress Elizabeth, and that violent anti-Italian demonstrations have taken place in Trieste, where the Italians and natives have been fighting in the streets with sticks and stones, sometimes using revolvers.

Six deaths are reported to have occurred there, and the troops were called out to suppress the disturbances.

M. Gratz, an Italian peddler, has been lynched, and in Vienna fully fifteen hundred Italians employed on the municipal works have been summarily dismissed, in order to avert a popular revolt, and the Italian Embassy there is guarded by a strong body of infantry.

THE PROTOCOL ADOPTED.

Spanish Chamber of Deputies Acts on the Subject in Secret.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—The Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday adopted the Spanish-American protocol by 151 votes against 48. The subject was considered in secret session, the Republicans, Carlists and dissenting Conservatives being absent. The President, the Marquis Vega d'Armijo, called Senor Uria to order for intimating General Primo de Rivera had enriched himself at the expense of the Treasury.

The Republicans, Carlists and bolting Conservatives of the Chamber of Deputies have issued a manifesto, giving their reasons for opposing the Government. Its publication has been prohibited.

JEROME, ARIZONA, BURNED.

It Was One of the Largest Copper Mining Camps—Loss Nearly $1,000,000.

JEROME, Ariz., (Special).—This place, one of the largest copper mining camps in the world, owned by W. A. Clark, the Mountain millionaire was almost totally destroyed by fire a few days ago. Of the 4000 inhabitants more than 3000 are homeless. Every business house in the town except the store of the T. F. Miller Company was destroyed. Nearly a score of persons perished,

Jerome is principally owned by the United Verde Copper Company, of which W. A. Clark is the head. The loss reaches nearly $1,000,000. Influential citizens of Prescott have organized a relief committee, and special trains carried aid to the sufferers.

Gould Scents Prosperity.

LONDON, (By Cable.)—George J. Gould, the New York financier, who has just sailed for home, said on the day of his departure:

"All I have heard from home since we have been abroad has convinced me that we are on the eve of an era of prosperity perhaps unprecedented in our history. The business outlook could not be better, and, with the splendid harvest they will have to move, railroad securities ought to boom. This, naturally, ought to have a beneficial effect on all sound stocks."

Scotch Girl Weds a Negro.

Maggie Wood, a Scotch girl, was wooed and won while in her native land by a Philadelphia negro, Martin Hamilton. He came to this country, secured work, and sent for the girl. When she landed in New York the other day the immigration authorities detained her and tried to persuade her not to marry him. After a week's argument, in which the negro threatened to have her released by writ of habeas corpus, the authorities allowed her to enter the country, when the couple immediately went to a minister and were married.

No More Troops to be Mustered Out.

It was announced that no more troops would be mustered out of service at present.

Turkey to Be Brought to Terms.

President McKinley is determined to compel Turkey, by force if necessary, to pay the American claims.

GRACE PERKINS IS ALIVE

Her Father Had "Identified" Bridgeport's Mysterious Corpse as Hers.

NEW TURN TO FAMOUS CASE.

Frank Perkins, the Father, Was Returning to Middleboro With the Body He Had Identified at Bridgeport as His Daughter's When She Turned Up at Home—A Mysterious Case.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn. (Special).—On the very day that Grace Perkins had been doubly identified as the victim of the Bridgeport murder, she returned to her home in Middleboro, Mass., alive. With her came her sweetheart, Charles Bourne.

At the time she walked into her home her father was on his way from Bridgeport to Middleboro with the remains of the murdered girl, which he had sworn was the body of his daughter.

The Coroner had been loath to give up the body, but did so when the identification seemed to be absolutely complete.

This last turn of affairs threw a deeper mystery over the case than existed when the body was found.

Frank W. Perkins came down to Bridgeport from his home in Plymouth County, Mass., Saturday afternoon and under oath declared that the dismembered body found in Yellow Mill Pond five days ago was that of his eldest daughter, Grace, who was last seen at Tremont, Mass., two weeks ago with Charles Bourne.

"I am willing to pledge my life that this body is my daughter's," said the father in a quiet, determined way.

So the body was turned over to the father of the missing Middleboro girl, and he took it with him back to Massachusetts. Before the train bearing the body had crossed the Rhode Island border the missing girl and her lover were in Middleboro. The father thought he was going to his daughter's funeral; instead he was going to her wedding. Had she been a few hours longer away from the little Plymouth county town she would have seen in the family plot in the cemetery, when she did return, a stone with some such inscription as this: "Marion Grace Perkins, died September 11, 1898." She may retain as a keepsake a certificate issued by Medical Examiner Downs, of Fairfield County, stating that "Marion Grace Perkins died in Bridgeport, Sunday, September 11, 1898. Cause of death unknown."

So the body of the unknown woman, many times "positively identified," and finally turned over to a man who found scars, pockmarks, moles, and teeth exactly corresponding to those of his runaway daughter, must come back to the Bridgeport Morgue for one more identification.

Now, as it has often been pointed out, it would seem that the Bridgeport mystery is not to be untangled by an "identification" of the very unhuman-looking piece of flesh and bone once the head of a young woman, which for five days lay in the back room of the Morgue.

It is more likely that the mystery will be made clear by the tracing of the "G 51" laundry mark, the rubber sheets and the absorbent cotton, the road wagon seen on Sunday night on the shores of Yellow Mill Pond, the two unknown men, and other clues which the police may not have made known to the public.

Miss Perkins at Home.

MIDDLEBORO, Mass. (Special).—Marian Grace Perkins, who was declared positively by her father to have been the victim of the Yellow Mill Pond murder at Bridgeport, is alive and at her home. At 5 p. m. Saturday, accompanied by Charles A. Bourne, to whom it is reported she is to be married, and his brother George, she stepped from the train which arrived here from Taunton. Friends went in advance of her to notify her mother of her safe return, and the home greeting she received was such as is seldom accorded to any one.

TORAL ATTACKED BY A MOB.

His House at Vigo and Steamer on Which He Took Refuge Stoned.

VIGO, Spain (By Cable).—A crowd of about 700 people besieged the house of General Toral, who surrendered to General Shafter, demanding that the troops which had arrived here from Santiago de Cuba on board the Spanish steamer Leon XIII. be immediately landed. They proceeded to the quays cheering the troops, and were with difficulty dispersed by soldiers of the garrison.

Afterward a crowd of about 1500 people returned to the quays, and when they saw the soldiers landing barefooted and nearly naked they became infuriated, and surrounded General Toral's house, hooting and hissing and stoning the building.

Eventually the Spanish General succeeded in escaping to the Leon XIII. On learning this the mob gathered on the dock, and stoned the steamer for half an hour, smashing the cabin windows. The vessel was obliged to leave the place where she was moored.

Czar's Peace Proposals.

The Czar's disarmament proposal has speedily become a minor subject of popular and official interest in England. The impression prevails in diplomatic circles that some sort of conference will be held, if only for the purpose of testing Russian bona fides; but the best opinion coincides with that which Mr. Chamberlain is reported to have expressed on his arrival in New York, to the effect that nothing practical will result.

A Heroic Miner.

In a Kalgoorlie shaft two mates, Wall and Symonds, fired a shallow twenty-inch hole and got in the bucket. But the edge caught, says the Sydney Bulletin, and Wall fell about twenty-five feet. Symonds signaled first to stop and then to lower (he was down 225 feet), and got to the bottom in time to nip out the fuse and save his mate. It was all the pluckier because of the shortness of the fuse and the certainty that at best he could only have a few seconds to spare.

The Muscles in the Head.

The head has seventy-seven muscles—eight for the eyes and eyelids, one for the nose, eight for the lips, eight for the jaw, eleven for the tongue, eleven for the larynx, eleven for the ear, seventeen for motions of the head and neck, one to move the hairy scalp, one for the eyebrows.

Merit.

The extraordinary merit won by "Johnson's Happy Pills" in the different camps, especially Wikoff, in curing malaria, chills and fever and liver complaints is a great endorsement of their never failing qualities. Happy Medicine Co., West New Brighton, Richmond Borough, New York.

During the last century 100 lakes in Tyrol have subsided and disappeared.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Sixty languages are spoken in the empire governed by the Czar of Russia.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Chimney-pot hats were worn in France nearly 500 years ago.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Marigolds and camomiles in North Africa reach a height of four or five feet.

Good Blood Makes Health

And Hood's Sarsaparilla makes good blood. That is why it cures so many diseases and makes so many people feel better than ever before. If you don't feel well, are half sick, tired, worn out, you may be made well by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Joking With the Queen.

There is said to be only one man who has ever dared to make a joke in the presence of the Queen. This is Canon Teignmouth-Shore, at one time governor to the children of the Prince of Wales, and a splendid type of Irish humorist. He was discussing with Her Majesty the question why it was that shoemakers were supposed to be so advanced in their heterodoxy and in the want of faith in futurity. "Why, ma'am," quietly remarked the audacious Canon, "one could hardly expect a shoemaker to believe in the immortality of the sole (soul)!" Her Majesty enjoyed the joke and laughed very heartily over it.

A Magnificent Tomb.

The most magnificent tomb in the world is deemed to be the palace Temple of Karnak, occupying the area of nine acres, or twice that of St. Peter's at Rome. The temple space is a poet's dream of gigantic columns, beautiful courts and wondrous avenues of sphinxes.

NO WOMAN IS EXEMPT.

Regularity is a matter of importance in every woman's life. Much pain is, however, endured in the belief that it is necessary and not alarming, when in truth it is all wrong and indicates derangement that may cause serious trouble.

Excessive monthly pain itself will unsettle the nerves and make women old before their time.

The foundation of woman's health is a perfectly normal and regular performance of nature's function. The statement we print from Miss GERTRUDE SIKES, of Eldred, Pa., is echoed in every city, town and hamlet in this country. Read what she says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel like a new person since following your advice, and think it is my duty to let the public know the good your remedies have done me My troubles were painful menstruation and leucorrhœa. I was nervous and had spells of being confused. Before using your remedies I never had any faith in patent medicines. I now wish to say that I never had anything do me so much good for painful menstruation as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; also would say that your Sanative Wash has cured me of leucorrhœa. I hope these few words may help suffering women."

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

All suffering women are invited to write freely to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice about their health.

The Rush For Gold.

From the Times, Bluffs, Ill.

The rush of gold seekers to the Klondike brings thrilling memories to the "forty-niners" still alive, of the time when they girdled the continent, or faced the terrors of the great American desert on the journey to the land of gold. These pioneers tell some experiences which should be heeded by gold seekers of to-day. Constant exposure and faulty diet killed large numbers, while nearly all the survivors were afflicted with disease, many of them with rheumatism. Such a sufferer was Adam Vangundy, who now resides at Bluffs, Ill., where he has been justice of the peace and was the first president of the board of trustees. In a recent interview he said:

"A Forty-niner."

"I had been a sufferer of rheumatism for a number of years and the pain at times was very intense. I tried all the proprietary medicines I could think or hear of, but received no relief.

"I finally placed my case with several physicians and doctored with them for some time, but they failed to do me any good. Finally, with my hopes of relief nearly exhausted I read an article regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which induced me to try them. I was anxious to get rid of the terrible disease and bought two boxes of the pills. I began using them about March, 1897. After I had taken two boxes I was completely cured, and the pain has never returned. I think it is the best medicine I have ever taken, and am willing at any time to sign my name to any testimony setting forth its good merits."

(Signed) ADAM VANGUNDY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1897.

FRANKLIN C. FUNK, *Notary Public.*

Mr. Vangundy's statement ought to be regarded as the criterion of the good merits of these pills. What better proof could a person want than the above facts.

In Japan coins are generally of iron, and in Siam they are chiefly of porcelain.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A matrimonial agency is the latest Jewish venture in the East End of London.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The American Indies Company has been organized to develop Cuba and Porto Rico.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c. 25c, 50c.

Eight thousand carrier pigeons are kept for use in the Germany army.

When Golden Rod Ripens

Thousands suffer with Hay-Fever. Hoxsie's Disks cure wheezing, sneezing and coughing. 25 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

This year's cranberry crop in Wisconsin is estimated at 18,000 barrels.

Traffic Resumed Between United States and Cuba.

The Southern Railway, the great thoroughfare of travel through the Southern States and the Fast Mail Route New York to the South and Cuba, announce the resumption of Steamship Service between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana.

Leave Port Tampa each Monday and Thursday at 9.00 p. m.; arrive Key West each Tuesday and Friday at 3.00 p. m.; leave Key West same days at 9.00 p. m.; arrive Havana each Wednesday and Saturday at 6.00 a. m.

New schedule to Porto Rico and Manila will be announced in a few days. For full particulars call on or address Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Passenger Agent, 271 Broadway, New York.

Germans weigh nearly ten pounds each man more than Frenchmen.

Protect Your Ideas by Letters Patent.

The firm of Vowles & Burns, Patent Attorneys, No. 237 Broadway, N. Y., whose advertisement will appear in our next issue, procure patents either on cash or easy installments. Write for terms. Sales negotiated.

One hundred new words are annually added to the English language.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Sicilian laborers are glad to get twenty cents a day for fourteen hours' work.

Five Cents.

Everybody knows that Dobbins' Electric Soap is the best in the world, and for 33 years it has sold at the highest price. Its price is now 5 cents, same as common brown soap. Bars full size and quality. Order of grocer. *Adv*

Great Britain rules twenty-one of every 100 square miles of the earth's surface.

I coud not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Mrs. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., October 22, 1894.

During the first seven months of this year there were 199 suicides in Chicago.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

It is exactly 1070 miles from Ponce, Porto Rico, to Key West.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

The Bible was not circulated in Cuba until 1882.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "The Art of Friendship"—Get Your Heart Right With God and Man and This Grace Will Become Easy—Be an Ezekiel, Not a Jeremiah.

TEXT: "A man that hath friends must show himself friendly."—Proverbs xviii., 24.

About the sacred and divine art of making and keeping friends I speak—a subject on which I never heard of anyone preaching—and yet God thought it of enough importance to put it in the middle of the Bible, these writings of Solomon, bounded on one side by the popular Psalms of David, and on the other by the writings of Isaiah, the greatest of the prophets. It seems all a matter of haphazard how many friends we have, or whether we have any friends at all, but there is nothing accidental about it. There is a law which covers the accretion and dispersion of friendships. They did not "just happen so" any more than the tides just happen to rise or fall, or the sun just happens to rise or set. It is a science, an art, a God-given regulation.

Tell me how friendly you are to others, and I will tell you how friendly others are to you. I do not say you will not have enemies; indeed, the best way to get ardent friends is to have ardent enemies, if you get their enmity in doing the right thing. Good men and women will always have enemies, because their goodness is a perpetual rebuke to evil; but this antagonism of foes will make more intense the love of your adherents. Your friends will gather closer around you because of the attacks of your assailants. The more your enemies abuse you the better your coadjutors will think of you.

The best friends we have ever had appeared at some juncture when we were especially bombarded. There have been times in my life when unjust assault multiplied my friends as near as I could calculate, about fifty a minute. You are bound to some people by many cords that neither time nor eternity can break, and I will warrant that many of those cords were twisted by hands malevolent. Human nature was shipwrecked about fifty-nine centuries ago, the captain of that craft, one Adam, and his first mate running the famous cargo around on a snag in the river Hiddekel; but there was at least one good trait of human nature that waded safely ashore from that shipwreck, and that is the disposition to take the part of those unfairly dealt with. When it is thoroughly demonstrated that some one is being persecuted, although at the start slanderous tongues were busy enough, defenders finally gather around as thick as honey bees on a trellis of bruised honeysuckle.

If, when set upon by the furies, you can have grace enough to keep your mouth shut, and preserve your equipoise, and let others fight your battles, you will find yourself after awhile with a whole cordon of allies. Had not the world given to Christ upon His arrival at Palestine a very cold shoulder, there would not have been one-half as many angels chanting glory out of the hymn books of the sky, bound in black lids of midnight. Had it not been for the heavy and jagged and tortuous Cross, Christ would not have been the admired and loved of more people than any being who ever touched foot on either the Eastern or Western Hemisphere. Instead, therefore, of giving up in despair because you have enemies, rejoice in the fact that they rally for you the most helpful and enthusiastic admirers. In other words, there is no virulence that can hinder my text from coming true: "A man that hath friends must show himself friendly."

It is my ambition to project especially upon the young a thought which may benignly shape their destiny for the here and the hereafter. Before you show yourself friendly you must be friendly. I do not recommend a dramatized geniality. There is such a thing as pretending to be en rapport with others, when we are their dire destructants, and talk against them and wish them calamity. Judas covered up his treachery by a resounding kiss, and caresses may be demonical. Better the mythological Cerberus, the three-headed dog of hell, barking at us, than the wolf in sheep's clothing, its brindled hide covered up by deceptive wool, and its deathful howl cadenced into an innocent bleating. Disraeli writes of Lord Manfred, who, after committing many outrages upon the people, seemed suddenly to become friendly and invited them to a banquet. After most of the courses had been served he blew a horn, which was in those times a signal for the servants to bring on the desert, but in this case it was the signal for assassins to enter and slay the guests. His pretended friendliness was a cruel fraud; and there are now people whose smile is a falsehood.

You invite me to come to your country seat and spend a few days. Thank you! I arrive about noon of a beautiful summer day. What do you? As soon as I arrive you take me out under the shadow of the great elms. You take me down to the artificial lake, the spotted trout floating in and out among the white pillars of the pond lilies. You take me to the stalls and kennels where you keep your fine stock, and here are the Durham cattle and the Gordon setters: and the high-stepping steeds, by pawing and neighing, the only language they can speak, asking for harness or saddle, and a short turn down the road. Then we go back to the house, and you get me in the right light and show me the Kensetts and the Bierstadts on the wall, and take me into the music room and show me the bird-cages, the canaries in the bay window answering the robins in the tree-tops. Thank you! I never enjoyed myself more in the same length of time. Now, why do we not do so with the characters of others, and show the bloom and the music and the bright fountains? No. We say, "Come along, and let me show you that man's character. Here is a green-scummed frog-pond, and there's a filthy cellar, and I guess under that hedge there must be a black snake. Come, and let us for an hour or two regale ourselves with the nuisances."

Oh, my friends, better cover up the faults and extol the virtues; and this habit once established of universal friendliness will become as easy as it is for a syringa to flood the air with sweetness, as easy as it will be further on in the season for a quail to whistle up from the grass. When we hear something bad about somebody whom we always supposed to be good, take out your lead pencil, and say: "Let me see! Before I accept that baleful story against that man's character, I will take off from it twenty-five per cent. for the habit of exaggeration which belongs to the man who first told the story; then I will take off twenty-five per cent. for the additions which the spirit of gossip in every community has put upon the original story; then I will take off twenty-five per cent. from the fact that the man may have been put into circumstances of overpowering temptation. So I have taken off seventy-five per cent. But I have not heard his side of the story all, and for that reason I take off the remaining twenty-five per cent. Excuse me, sir, I don't believe a word of it."

Do not prophesy misfortune. If you must be a prophet at all, be an Ezekiel, and not a Jeremiah. In ancient times prophets who foretold evil were doing right, for they were divinely directed; but the prophets of evil in our time are generally false prophets. Real troubles have no heralds running ahead of their sombre chariots, and no one has any authority in our time to announce their coming. Load yourself up with hopeful words and deeds. The hymn once sung in our churches is unfit to be sung, for it says:

> We should suspect some danger near,
> Where we possess delight.

In other words, manage to keep miserable all the time. The old song sung at the pianos a quarter of a century ago was right: "Kind words can never die." Such kind words have their nests in kind hearts, and when they are hatched out and take wing, they circle round in flights that never cease, and sportsman's gun cannot shoot them, and storms cannot ruffle their wings, and when they cease flight in these lower skies of earth, they sweep around amid the higher altitudes of Heaven. At Baltimore I talked into a phonograph. The cylinder containing the words was sent on to Washington, and the next day that cylinder from another phonographic instrument, when turned, gave back to me the very words I had uttered the day before, and with the same intonations. Scold into a phonograph, and it will scold back. Pour mild words into a phonograph and it will return the gentleness. Society and the world and the church are phonographs. Give them acerbity and rough treatment, and acerbity and tough treatment you will get back. Give them practical friendliness, and they will give back practical friendliness. A father asked his little daughter: "Mary, why is it that everybody loves you?" She answered: "I don't know, unless it is because I love everybody." "A man that hath friends must show himself friendly."

We want something like that spirit of sacrifice for others which was seen in the English Channel, where in the storm a boat containing three men was upset, and all three were in the water struggling for their lives. A boat came to their relief, and a rope was thrown to one of them, and he refused to take it, saying: "First fling it to Tom; he is just ready to go down. I can last some time longer." A man like that, be he sailor or landsman, be he in upper ranks of society or lower ranks, will always have plenty of friends. What is true manward is true Godward. We must be the friends of God if we want Him to be our friend. We cannot treat Christ badly all our lives and expect Him to treat us lovingly. I was reading of a sea fight, in which Lord Nelson captured a French officer, and when the French officer offered Lord Nelson his hand, Nelson replied, "First give me your sword, and then give me your hand." Surrender of our resistance to God must precede God's proffer of pardon to us. Repentance before forgiveness. You must give up your rebellious sword before you can get a grasp of the divine hand.

Oh, what a glorious state of things to have the friendship of God! Why, we could afford to have all the world against us and all other worlds against us if we had God for us. He could in a minute blot out this universe, and in another minute make a better universe. I have no idea that God tried hard when He made all things. The most brilliant thing known to us is light, and for the creation of that He only used a word of command. As out of a flint a frontiersman strikes a spark, so out of one word God struck the noonday sun. For the making of the present universe I do not read that God lifted so much as a finger. The Bible frequently speaks of God's hands and God's arm and God's shoulder and God's foot; then suppose He should put hand and arm and shoulder and foot to utmost tension, what could He not make? That God of such demonstrated and undemonstrated strength, you may have for your present and everlasting friend, not a stately and reticent friend, hard to get at, but as approachable as a country mansion on a summer day, when all the doors and windows are wide open. Christ said, "I am the door." And He is a wide door, a high door, a palace door, an always open door.

If God is your friend, you cannot go out of the world too quickly or suddenly, so far as your own happiness is concerned. There were two Christians who entered Heaven; the one was standing at a window in perfect health, watching a shower, and the lightning instantly slew him; but the lightning did not flash down the sky as swiftly as his spirit flashed upward. The Christian man who died on the same day next door had been for a year or two failing in health, and for the last three months had suffered from a disease that made the nights sleepless and the days an anguish. Do you not really think that the case of the one who went instantly was more desirable than the one who entered the shining gate through a long lane of insomnia and congestion? In the one case it was like your standing wearily at a door, knocking and waiting, and wondering if it will ever open, and knocking and waiting again, while in the other case it was a swinging open of the door at the first touch of your knuckle. Give your friendship to God, and have God's friendship for you, and even the worst accident will be a victory.

How refreshing is human friendship; and true friends, what priceless treasures! When sickness comes, and trouble comes, and death comes, we send for our friends first of all, and their appearance in our doorway in any crisis is reinforcement, and when they have entered, we say: "Now, it is all right!" Oh, what would we do without personal friends, business friends, family friends? But we want something mightier than human friendship in the great exigencies. When Jonathan Edwards, in his final hour, had given the last good-bye to all his earthly friends, he turned on his pillow and closed his eyes, confidently saying: "Now, where is Jesus of Nazareth, my true and never-failing Friend?" Yes, I admire human friendship as seen in the case of David and Jonathan, of Paul and Onesiphorus, of Herder and Goethe, of Goldsmith and Reynolds, of Beaumont and Fletcher, of Cowley and Harvey, of Erasmas and Thomas More, of Lessing and Mendelssohn, of Lady Churchill and Prince Anne, of Orestes and Pylades, each requesting that himself take the point of the dagger, so the other might be spared; of Epaminondas and Pelopidas, who locked their shields in battle, determined to die together; but the grandest, the mightiest, the tenderest friendship in all the universe is the friendship between Jesus Christ and a believing soul. Yet, after all I have said, I feel I have only done what James Marshall, the miner, did in 1848 in California, before its gold mines were known. He reached in and put upon the table of his employer, Captain Sutter, a thimbleful of gold dust. "Where did you get that?" said his employer. The reply was: "I got it this morning from a mill race from which the water had been drawn off." But that gold dust, which could have been taken up between the finger and the thumb, was the prophecy and specimen that revealed California's wealth to all nations. And to-day I have only put before you a specimen of the value of divine friendship, only a thimbleful of mines inexhaustible and infinite, though all time and all eternity go on with the exploration.

Most people appreciate a good thing at a fair price, but some few will only have the things that cost the most money.

The Ivory is the favorite soap of most people. Some few want the high-priced toilet soaps and think they must be better because they cost more. No soap is more carefully made, or is made of better materials, than Ivory Soap.

A WORD OF WARNING.—There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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CONSTIPATION

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief; such was my case until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $100.00 for each movement; it is such a relief." AYLMER L. HUNT, 1689 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 20c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 322

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Summer Complaints,

DYSENTERY DIARRHEA,

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach or bowels, will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

Malaria in Its Various Forms Cured and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., New York.

The Best BOOK ON THE WAR Beautifully bound and sumptuously illustrated (price $2), free to anybody sending two annual subscriptions at $1 each to the Overland Monthly, SAN FRANCISCO. Sample Overland, 5c.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—38

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

6 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

Payable semi-annually at the Globe Trust Co., Chicago, Ill.

These bonds are a first mortgage upon the entire plant, including buildings, land and other property of an Industrial Company located close to Chicago.

The Company has been established for many years, is well-known and doing a large and increasing business.

The officers of the Company are men of high reputation, esteemed for their honesty and business ability. They have made so great a success of this business that the bonds of this Company are rarely ever offered for sale.

A few of these bonds came in to our hands during the hard times from parties who had purchased them several years ago. We offer them in issues of $100.00 each for $80.00 and accrued interest.

For security and a large interest rate these Industrial Bonds are recommended as being among the best.

First-class bonds and securities of all kinds bought and sold.

Kendall & Whitlock, Bankers and Brokers,

52 Exchange Place, New York.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

PAINT YOUR OWN WALLS & CEILINGS

CALCIMO FRESCO TINTS

FOR DECORATING WALLS AND CEILINGS Purchase a package of from your grocer or Calcimo paint dealer and do your own kalsomining. This material is made on scientific principles by machinery and milled in twenty-four tints and is superior to any concoction of Glue and Whiting that can possibly be made by hand. To be mixed with Cold Water.

SEND FOR SAMPLE COLOR CARDS and if you cannot purchase this material from your local dealers let us know and we will put you in the way of obtaining it.

THE MURALO CO., NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., NEW YORK.

"A Fair Face Cannot Atone for an Untidy House."

Use

SAPOLIO

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

OMAHA EXPOSITION.

Eight-Day Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for a special eight-day personally-conducted tour to the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition at Omaha on October 1, allowing four full days at the Exposition. Round-trip tickets, including transportation and Pullman berth in each direction, meals in dining car going and returning, hotel accommodations and meals at Omaha, admissions to the Fair, and carriage drive and hotel accommodations at Chicago, will be sold at rate of $100 from New York; $96 from Philadelphia; $95 from Washington and Baltimore; $91 from Williamsport and Harrisburg; $80 from Pittsburg; and proportionate rates from other points.

The party will be accompanied by a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, and will travel in special Pullman sleeping cars.

For the benefit of those who may desire to remain longer in Omaha, tickets will be made good to return on regular trains until November 15, inclusive. Such tickets include only railway transportation returning, with reduction of $15 from above rates from all points.

For further information apply to ticket agents, Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. 9-7-4t.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Mrs. Augustus Thistlewood, of Providence, R. I., has been married six times. At her last wedding four of her former husbands were present and acted as ushers. The fifth sent his regrets and a present, and an invitation to the bride and groom to spend the honeymoon at his house. The average term of servitude for these husbands was ten months; all the divorces were granted upon the application of the lady without opposition. The dissolution of matrimonial ties has been due to the tact and diplomacy of the lady, who convinced her several spouses that they were mismated.

A stubborn cough or tickling in the throat yields to One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless in effect, touches the right spot, reliable and just what is wanted. It acts at once. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

A farmer near Richmond, Va., has a rat dog which he has trained to worm the tobacco plants in his field. The dog does his work as well as a laborer and the owner saves the wages of a farmhand.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. O'Connor & Sons.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. E. M. SLONAKER,

DENTIST,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Try my local anesthetic for positively painless extraction. 9-9-96.

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention. Collections made and immediate returns given. Legal writing promptly executed.

☞Office on Main street.

DR. W. J. CAMPBELL,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Diseases of women and children a specialty. I am prepared at all times for country practice.

☞Office on Main street, opposite depot.

JOHN C. GARRETT,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

MAPLETON DEPOT, PENN'A.

All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Special attention will be given to collections. 8-18-95.

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public.

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

J. R. SIMPSON,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE,

IN SOLID RELIABLE COMPANIES.

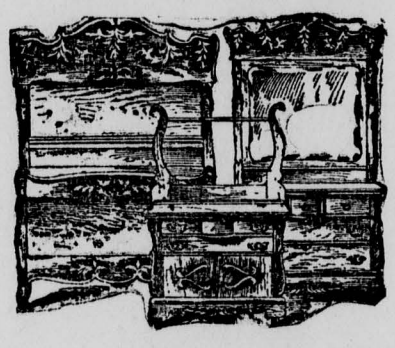
☞Call at office, or send for circulars.

J. G. SPANGLER, M. D.,

—PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,—

☞Office on Main Street, adjoining residence.

Builders' Supply and Furnishing Store.



Having recently opened up a stock of the above kinds of goods we respectfully invite the patronage of the public.

We can supply you with everything necessary to build and furnish a house, and at prices so low they will astonish you.

In addition to the above we keep a full line of the choicest confectionaries.

Come and See Us.

S. W. KIMMEL & SONS

Saltillo, Penn'a.

AGENTS MAKE MONEY.

This is the opportunity of a life-time. Agents are making $50 to $150 a week.

FITZHUGH LEE, MAJOR GEN. U. S. V.

and late Consul General to Cuba, writes a book on

CUBA AND THE SPANISH WAR.

We have on press for early issue, General Lee's own story of Cuba and the Spanish War, to be produced in a substantial book of over 500 pages, 7x9½ in size and almost

ONE HUNDRED ILLUSTRATIONS.

This is the only authentic work published on the one subject occupying the minds of the entire civilized world.

OUTFITS READY. Liberal commissions will be paid and credit given. Lose no time, act at once.

Write for full particulars to

THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY, 91-93 Fifth Ave, New York.

PUBLISHERS OF GENERAL LEE'S BOOK.

Our authorized distributors are located in all parts of the U. S.

Every Successive Season

Wipes out past records in our sales of

DRY GOODS.

We are careful in our selections and offer nothing that will not bear the strongest test in quality, style and prices.

APPLY THE TEST

of comparison on any goods we offer, in quality and prices.

Prosperity is a Good Thing

But nobody is anxious to pay more for it than is necessary.

Come and examine goods and be convinced that we are selling DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, WALL PAPER, PAINT and everything usually found in an Up-to-Date store at living prices.

J. O. HEATON,

Cassville, - - Penn'a.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

We never had a larger assortment of General Merchandise for you to select from. New goods added to every line. We ask you to call and learn prices whether you wish to buy or not.

New PRINTS, MUSLIN, GINGHAM, SHIRTING, TABLE LINEN LACES, EMBROIDERY, RIBBONS, &c, &c.

A lot of extra fine ginghams made to sell at 15c per yard, while stock lasts we offer them to you for 10c per yard.

Special Bargains

In Corsets. 50c reduced to 35c; 75c to 50c; $1.00 to 75c. The Jackson Corset Waists, worth $1.25, for $1.00. Also lot of Misses' Corset Waists, 30c reduced to 15c. Boys' waists 50c reduced to 25c.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, to close, reduced from 50c to 35c, 75c to 50c, $1.00 to 75c. Don't miss this sale.

Large lot of Glassware 10c reduced to 5c, 15c to 10c, 20c and 25c to 15c.

Prices of Queensware have advanced under the new tariff law. While our present stock lasts we will sell at old prices.

Floor and table oil cloths are very low and advancing. We offer you some very low prices.

Largest stock of Wall Paper ever brought to town, at 5c a bolt and upward.

Also a large line of window shades from 12½c to 50c each, all on spring rollers.

Lamps, latest styles and good value.

Big bargains in Men's and Boys' dress and work pants and children's suits. A large stock to select from.

On our tables you will find bargains in Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's shoes. One or two pairs of a kind. They must go to make room for new stock. If you find your size you will save money.

We have bargains in all lines—dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, queensware, glassware, tinware, hardware, wood and willow ware, drugs, notions, groceries, etc., etc.

Agents for Syracuse plows, and Raymond & Campbell Stove Co. If you want a stove call and learn prices.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

A Feeling Of Pity.

Think of the poor woman who had to work and worry, and sweat, over the old style range these long summer days of sweltering heat. This dreadful work was continual, too, for one meal would hardly be done before the old trap would have to be fired up for another, and night alone would bring relief.

Another picture is the woman with a Dockash Range. The range of quickness and despatch. There's no delay, no worry with the more fortunate woman. Twenty minutes for breakfast or supper; thirty for a boiled dinner and the day's cooking is over.

JOHN REYNOLDS,

(Next door First National Bank,)

Huntingdon, Pa.

HUGO MAYER, Manager.

New Fall Goods are Arriving Daily

At This Well Known and Up to Date Clothing House.

We are endeavoring to get together the finest and largest assortment of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

ever shown in this town and we feel sure you will appreciate our efforts.

Our School Suits for Boys are Very Pretty and Up to Date.

They must be seen to be appreciated. You will be surprised at the littleness of the prices.

Fall Shape Stiff and Soft Hats Have Arrived.

At $1.25 we can show you several different shapes and of the latest styles in Stiff Hats. Our $2.50 Stiff Hat has the best quality material in it that we have ever seen in a hat at that price and we think it will compare favorably with the $3.00 and $3.50 Hats shown elsewhere. Come in and look at them anyway.

New Style Caps at 25 and 50 Cents.

Golden Eagle Clothing Hall,

COR. 4TH & PENN STS., HUNTINGDON, PA.

P. S.—We just got in another line of 50 cent Shirts with and without collars. Ask to see them.

This Week We Offer You

Good prints at	5 cents.
Muslin (unbleached, yard wide)	5c, 6c and 7 "
Bleached muslin (good, yard wide)	7c and 8 "
Sheeting (2¼ yds. wide)	20 "
Sheeting (1¼ yd. wide)	12 "
Shirting (good)	8 "
Gingham	6 "
Dress goods, the greatest assortment ever offered in this place, ranging in price from	8c to 60 "

Talking about shoes, we have the best line in town—Men's, Women's and Children's. Come and see them.

Have you seen the BRYN MAWR Shoe for Ladies? It's a beauty.

If you want a suit of clothes for your boy, here is the place to buy. Prices from $1.50 to $3.00.

TRUNKS and SATCHELS—our stock is complete. Come and see them; prices are away down.

We have now on exhibition the finest assortment of Umbrellas ever shown in this town. The prices will surprise you when you see the goods. Ladies' Silk Umbrellas, $1.50; would be cheap at $2.00.

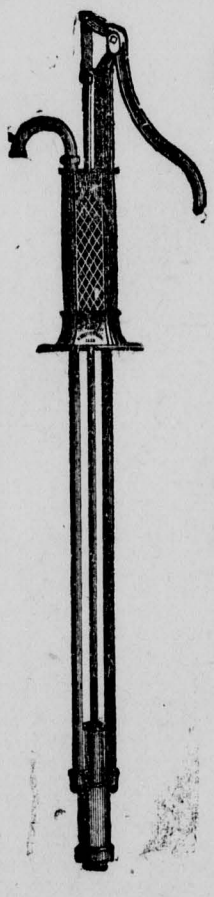
JNO. G. GILLAM.

August 29, 1898.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

--CONSISTING OF--

Wagons, Buggies, Spring Wagons, Road Carts, Mowers, Reapers and Binders, Hay Rakes, Riding and Walking Cultivators, Spring-tooth Harrows, Grain Drills, Feed Cutters, Grindstones, Barbed Wire, Wheelbarrows. In Lumber I Keep in Stock Frame Stuff, Stock Boards, Flooring and Siding, Lath, Pickets, Shingles, Window Frames, Door Frames, Pannel Doors, Sash, etc.



A Complete Line of Stoves Always in Stock.

! ! Pumps ! !

! ! Pumps ! !

Both Iron and Wood. Cut and fit for any depth well and guaranteed to do the work.

IN CHILLED PLOWS I HAVE

The Syracuse, Gale, Bissell and the Oliver. Also One-Horse Plows. Extras for all the above plows at BOTTOM PRICES.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that my PRICES ARE THE LOWEST, or write for price list.

A. S. WELCH,

SHIRLEY ST., MOUNT UNION, PA.

Telephone Connection.